FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 49. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.182

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

Port Almanac—May 18.

Sun Rises	4.59 A M
Sun Sets	7 01 P M
Day's Length	14 h 09 m
High Water at Southport	7.50 A M
High Water at Wilmington	9.30 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 16.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m., 64°, maximum, 73°; minimum, 58°; mean, 63°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.17 inches.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m., May 17th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A higher barometer area central over the Ohio valley covers nearly all portions of the country. The barometer is relatively low over Florida and the far Northwest, with no well developed storm apparent. With the exception of local showers reported over Southern Florida and over Texas, the weather is generally clear over all sections of the country. A local thunder storm occurred at Charlotte, N. C., during the afternoon. Temperatures continue cool south of the lakes, but have risen rapidly to the westward of the Mississippi river under a decided warm wave. Maximum temperatures of 80 degrees and above occurred during the day generally over the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys.

Conditions indicate generally fair warmer weather over this locality Tuesday and Tuesday night.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain fell over the Galveston district; elsewhere over the cotton belt fair cool weather continued. Heavy rainfall occurred at Taylor, Texas, 1.73 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 17.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 14.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; slightly warmer; easterly winds.

OUTLINES.

The President's message, asking Congress to appropriate not less than $50,000 for the relief of destitute American citizens in Cuba was presented yesterday; a resolution appropriating the sum mentioned passed the Senate, but went over in the House until Thursday. —— The trial of Havemeyer and Searles, of the Sugar Trust, for refusing to answer questions of the Senate investigating committee, will begin Tuesday, the 25th inst. —— Senator Butler will offer an amendment to the tariff bill increasing the duty on rice. —— Intense excitement prevailed yesterday at Athens; a great battle was in progress at *Domokos*; the fighting continued *after sunset*; the Turks were finally repulsed. —— Ladies in New York raising funds for the Greeks, have sent in all $4,000. —— The biennial convention of railway trainmen is in session at Toronto, Canada. —— A department of the York Cotton Mills, Biddeford, Me., started yesterday; it had been shut down for a year. —— Conditions proposed by Turkey as the terms of peace with Greece are considered as absurd in London. —— Chas. Morse, postmaster, at Warwick, Mass., committed suicide. —— Representative Cochran, of Mo., has introduced a resolution in the House proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the U. S. giving Congress power to tax incomes. —— A great fire was raging last night in the business portion of Nashville, Tenn. —— Business firms and others interested in trade with Cuba have sent a memorial to the Secretary of State at Washington, D. C., setting forth how their interests are suffering, in the hope that measures may be devised for terminating the war in Cuba. —— The steamer Dauntless slipped out of the port of Savannah yesterday; it is thought she has gone on an expedition to Cuba. —— Turks claim to have captured Domokos; that the Greek forces sustained a crushing defeat. —— New York markets: Money on call was quoted easy at 1¼@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent.; cotton steady—middling 7⅞c; flour was dull and weaker to sell; wheat—spot weaker—No. 1 New York 83⅝c; corn—spot easy; No. 2, 30c at elevator and 31c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.65@1.67½; spirits turpentine steady at 28@28½c.

Rev. Dr. Talmage seems to be thrifty. He is said to be worth something more than $500,000.

The Atlanta *Journal* has discovered an Irish potato bug in Georgia, but it isn't an Irish potato but; it is a Georgia potato bug.

Senator Deboe, of Kentucky, will endorse Mr. Sapp, of Louisville, for Internal Revenue Collector. A Senatorial *verbum sap* as it were.

And Greece, too, was knocked out in the fourteenth round. On the fourteenth day she threw up the sponge and hollowed enough.

Peru has discontinued the coinage of silver and prohibited the importation of any more silver coin. Another victim of the big money lenders.

The Boston man can now say "hello" to the St. Louis man and exchange remarks over a distance of 1,400 miles. Boston will doubtless hitch on to San Francisco after a while.

While broker Chapman who stood between the investigators and the Sugar Trust, is in jail, he will have all the sugar he wants, etc. He is also getting a good deal of free advertising.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Kentucky legislature seems to be of the opinion that the men of that State are not only competent to manage the toll gate business, but also the schools without the assistance of the women and therefore killed the bill to make women eligible to the office of School Trustee and permitting them to vote in school elections.

The early education of Senator Foraker, of Ohio, seems not to have been neglected. His father had eleven children, more children than anything else, and the boys did all the work on the farm. Joseph was taught to wash and iron, cook, spin, and pluck geese in goose plucking season. These are all useful accomplishments in an emergency.

If Turkey had that anæsthetic invention of the Polish chemist, which he claims would of shot in shells from guns, put whole regiments to sleep, all she would have had to do would be to shoot 'em to sleep and then go out and scoop 'em in. This would have prevented a good deal of running.

According to people who keep tab on these things the mining stocks in South Africa have shrunk in value in the last eighteen months from $785,000,000 to about $260,000,000, from which it would seem that there are some badly bitten people somewhere.

Twenty U. S. soldiers are going to take a jaunt of 2,000 miles from Fort Missoula to St. Louis, to test the question whether the bicycle could stand the rough and tumble of active service on the field as a war machine.

Kaiser William believes in the "fatherland" and also in clothes. His wardrobe contains uniforms of all the regiments of the German army and navy. And he wears 'em too (one at a time) when he gets a chance.

Ohio men have already made the record as the most successful office grabbers in the country, and now comes an Ohio woman with a record of a successful twenty-day nap. She slept soundly and didn't speak in all that time.

It is said that the bicycle is responsible for a reduction of 7,000,000 cigars in the consumption of last year compared with the year before. This looks like a case of the more scorch the less smoke.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIBERNIANS—Excursion.
NOTICE—Business change.
EXCURSION—"Hospital Guild."
MASONIC—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
R. R. BELLAMY—Big reduction.
S. W. SANDERS—Parched coffee.
TAYLOR'S BAZAAR—Shirt waists.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

DR. CHILDS—Optician.
H. HAUSER—Graphophone to exchange

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. M. M. Marks, of Newbern, is in the city.

— R. G. Grady, Esq., of Burgaw, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. M. F. Leonhart, of Chadbourn, was here yesterday.

— Mr. J. F. Jessup, of Hub, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mrs. G. E. Leftwich is visiting relatives at Lexington, N. C.

— Mr. A. E. Stevens, of Southport, arrived in the city yesterday.

— United States Marshal O. J. Carroll, of Raleigh, arrived yesterday.

— Mr. E. M. N. Carr, of Rose Hill, spent a part of Sunday in the city.

— Mr. D. L. Gore left yesterday for Nashville, Tenn., to attend the Centennial.

— Messrs. Geo. T. and J. C. Jones, of Rocky Point, were registered here yesterday.

— Mr. C. C. Brown is now connected with the Wilmington Brokerage Company.

— The STAR had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from Mr. J. A. Harman, of Currie.

— Mr. Jos. D. Smith left yesterday for Old Point to attend a meeting of the Southeastern Tariff Association.

— Mr. George R. Quincy, proprietor of the Blue Ridge Inn, Mt. Airy, N. C., arrived in the city last evening.

— Mrs. A. J. Flanner, who has been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Alderman, left yesterday for her home in Clinton, N. C.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— No receipts of cotton reported at the Produce Exchange yesterday.

— The Board of Audit and Finance will meet in regular session this afternoon.

— The markets of the city are now open from 5 a. m. until noon, and from 3 p. m. to 7 p. m. daily.

— A "straw ride" to the Sound last night was greatly enjoyed by two parties of twenty or thirty each.

— A chrysanthemum in bloom in May is a freak of nature that Mr. S. G. Hall has on exhibition at his residence.

— Annual meeting of the United Circles of the King's Daughters this afternoon at Abbie Chadbourn Memorial Hall.

— Grace M. E. church will give a reception to its members and congregation Thursday night in the lecture room of the church.

— Interesting services were held in the gospel tent at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday, and last night the special dedication services were held.

— Dr. Childs, the optician, who has been ill for several days, announces that he is sufficiently recovered to attend to the eyes of persons desiring treatment.

— The U. S. revenue cutter *Windom* arrived at Southport yesterday morning and passed out soon after with the barque *Chase*, which had put in for repairs.

— The STAR acknowledges the receipt of an invitation to attend the closing exercises of the A. & M. College at Greensboro, from May 23d to 27th, inclusive.

— Mr. H. G. Saunders has purchased the interest of Mr. C. D. Jacobs in the firm of Jacobs & Marshall and gives notice accordingly in the advertising columns this morning.

— A blazing chimney of a one-story frame house on Castle street, between Fifth and Sixth, was the cause of the alarm of fire sent in from box 49 yesterday afternoon at 7.15 o'clock. No damage.

— "Jet," the large black Newfoundland of Mr. Chas. Myers, died Saturday. Of the many hundred dogs in this city "Jet" enjoyed the distinction of being the most well known of all. He has been a familiar sight on the streets for years and he always had a friendly wag of the tail or nod of the head for passers-by.

Children's Day at Market Street Church.

Sunday was Children's Day at Market Street Methodist Church and was observed accordingly. Of this church Rev. T. H. Sutton is pastor and Mr. R. H. Beery superintendent of the Sunday school. The following was the programme of exercises:

Song, "Marching to Zion;" Prayer, Rev. J. W. Craig; Concert Reading of Scriptures; Motion Prayer, by four little girls; "Wishes," recitation, by children; Song, "Leaning on the Everlasting Arms;" Recitation, "Have You Heard of Jesus;" Address on Sunday Schools, Oscar Bagwell; Song, "Sweet Story;" "Come Over and Help Us," five girls; Forty Questions; Song, "When He Cometh;" "Ten Little Fingers," by John Pickett; Children's Crusade, by Miss Lula Sneeden; Address on Missions, by Homer Blake; Song, "Stand Up for Jesus;" Address on Epworth Leagues, by Miss Luther Sneeden; Address on Education, by Mr. W. J. Penny; Prayer, by Miss Helen Hopewell; Collection; Song, "Blessed be the Name."

Magistrate's Court.

Justice Bunting meted out justice to the following offenders yesterday:

Jno. Norment, colored, disorderly conduct, was adjudged guilty, but judgment was suspended upon the payment of cost.

Chas. Mayon, colored, charged with assault and battery, was let off upon the payment of cost, but was placed under a $50 bond to keep the peace in another case. He gave the bond and was released.

Harriet Gause, colored, charged with assaulting Mary Everett, also colored, with a hatchet; and vice versa, Mary Everett charged with assaulting Harriet Gause, with a hatchet, were placed under a $50 bond each for their appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court. Both women gave bond and were released from custody.

Funeral Services Sunday.

The remains of the late Mrs. Sarah Pearsall arrived over the Seaboard Air Line at 12.30 p. m. Sunday and were carried immediately to St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. D. McClure, assisted by Rev. J. F. Gable, of Montgomery, Ala., one of the delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention who remained over for several days. The pall-bearers were as follows: Honorary, Messrs. B. F. Hall and B. G. Worth; active, Capt. W. R. Kenan, Dr. J. E. Matthews and Messrs. R. W. Hicks, C. G. Southerland, W. H. Sprunt and R. W. Price. The interment was made at Oakdale Cemetery.

Carolina Cycle Club.

The annual election of the Carolina Cycle Club was held last night, which resulted in the following officers being elected for the ensuing term:

President—Jas. C. Smith.
Vice President—Thos. H. Wright.
Secretary and Treasurer—W. L. Latta.
Captain—P. Heinsberger, Jr.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY.

The Work Planned for the Meeting to be Held at Morehead Next Month.

The fourteenth annual session of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly will be held in Morehead City next month, from the 15th to the 25th inclusive. The work of this session has been planned on a different system, and will be conducted differently from that of any session yet held. The most important innovation will be in the introduction of departmental work. Half of each day will be devoted to the study of the subjects taught in our public schools and academies, special emphasis being given to methods of teaching these subjects most successfully. Each subject will be handled by a teacher of distinguished ability and experience.

Special departments are being organized for school officers, college presidents and professors, city school superintendents and teachers, academy and high-school principals and teachers. Each department will be in charge of a committee appointed especially to prepare a programme that will interest and instruct those engaged in that particular work.

The convention feature will be managed differently, and is expected to be more interesting and profitable than it has been possible to make it heretofore. Questions will be discussed that will interest all classes of teachers and intelligent citizens. The speakers will include leading educators and others—among them some of the leading business and professional men and editors of the State.

The evening or "Culture" lectures will be of such a nature as to instruct and entertain everybody.

The programme and commencement for next month's session has been completed and will be sent to any one making application to the secretary at Raleigh. It embraces a greater variety of subjects and brings into action a greater number of speakers than ever before. Among the academy and high school men who will speak appears the name of Professor Washington Catlett, principal of the Cape Fear Academy, this city.

THIRD N. C. INFANTRY.

The Oldest Confederate Association in Existence—Celebrates Its 31st Anniversary.

The 31st anniversary of the Third North Carolina Infantry Association was celebrated yesterday on Greenville Sound. The members, including a number of sons of veterans, left here on the Seacoast train at 10.10 a. m., and upon arrival at the Sound assembled at the Summer home of Capt. James I. Metts. Capt. W. H. Northrop, senior officer, presided and Capt. James I. Metts, acted as secretary.

After transacting the regular business the meeting adjourned and proceeded to satisfy the wants of the inner man. An oyster roast had been provided and the veterans feasted on oysters and other choice edibles. Then they engaged in reminiscences of the days of 1861-65 and the time passed swiftly by until 5 p. m., when the party took the train back to the city.

It was observed that there was a number of young men, associate members, in attendance. Also, reminders of the kindly interest of the ladies were observed in the shape of several fine cakes bearing the letters C. V.

It is not uninteresting to say in the report of the meeting that the Third North Carolina Infantry Association is the oldest organization of the kind, either Federal or Confederate. It was founded in 1866, ten months after the surrender, and its infancy being passed in the troublous times of the reconstruction period, for several years the annual meetings had to be held under the strictest secrecy.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—14 casks spirits turpentine, 49 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—17 casks spirits turpentine, 48 bbls rosin, 21 bbls tar, 80 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—4 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—1 cask spirits turpentine, 2 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar.

Steamer Driver—10 casks spirits turpentine, 86 bbls rosin, 65 bbls tar, 26 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—4 casks spirits turpentine, 26 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar.

Schooner Stonewall—8 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin.

Schooner Joseph—225 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine 58 casks; rosin, 623 bbls; tar, 124 bbls; crude turpentine, 56 bbls.

Hibernian Excursion.

Thursday the 32d annual family excursion of the Hibernian Benevolent Society will be run to Carolina Beach. There will be music, dancing, refreshments and everything in the shape of a good sociable time. Of that you can rest assured, as the committee of arrangements is composed of the following clever gentlemen: Col. John L. Cantwell and Messrs. Martin O'Brien, Wm. Flanagan, Thos. Torpy, Sr., Thos. Torpy, Jr., Wm. Sheehan, Sr., Wm. Sheehan, Jr., Frank Donlan, T. Donlan, Daniel Quinlivan, Daniel McInnerny, Steve Greelish, T. B. Carroll and Robert Green.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

A Pleasant Entertainment Complimentary to the Convention Choir and Orchestra.

The sociable at the First Baptist church last night complimentary to the convention choir and orchestra was a complete success. The committee in charge tried as hard to make the evening a pleasant one as those in whose honor the entertainment was given tried to make the music at the Southern Baptist Convention a matter of pride to every citizen of Wilmington.

The Sunday school room, where the entertainment was given, was handsomely decorated and in this connection it may be said that for the beauty of the decorations much credit is due Miss Mattie Horne, who assisted in arranging them. The receiving party consisted of Miss Lydie Whitney, Miss Carrie White, and Mr. A. S. Holden.

The following programme was observed, broken with frequent encores and bursts of applause: Selection (instrumental), Prof. Miller's quintette; piano solo, Master James Crait; soprano solo, Miss Annie Adrian; tenor and alto solo, Miss Ada Cooper and Mr. C. H. Cooper; soprano solo, Miss Robinson; tenor solo, Mr. C. H. Cooper; violin solo, Master Frank St. John; "The Kerry Dance," Munson octet, Messrs. Cooper, Smith, Westbrook, Fowler, Adrian, Holden, Grant, Beery; tenor solo, Mr. C. V. Motte; "Remember Now Thy Creator," quartet, Mrs. J. W. Thorburn, Mrs. F. A. Muse, Mr. C. H. Cooper, Mr. A. S. Holden; solo, (by request) Mr. A. S. Holden; "Good Night," quartet.

At the conclusion of the programme, Rev. W. B. Oliver, the pastor, arose and spoke in a warmly appreciative way of the efficiency and cordial co-operation of the choir, and invited all to partake of the refreshments which were forthcoming. While the refreshments were being served Miss Nellie Calder sang one or two very delightful selections.

THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE SERVICES

Praise Service Sunday Morning—Election of Officers Last Night.

Instead of the regular sermon at the First Baptist church Sunday morning a service of thanksgiving and praise for the blessings following the wake of the Southern Baptist Convention was held. Short speeches were made by Messrs. S. G. Hall, A. P. Yopp, P. B. Manning, R. M. Wescott, G. E. Leftwich, J. C. Stevenson, F. L. Huggins, W. P. Oldham, Rev. W. B. Oliver and others.

Resolutions were adopted tendering the gratitude of the First Baptist church to all the persons and organizations that had assisted in receiving and entertaining the convention.

Last night the annual election of officers was held, resulting in the choice of Mr. George E. Leftwich as clerk, Mr. S. H. Burtt, assistant clerk, and Mr. George Sloan, treasurer. Dr. A. M. Baldwin, Messrs. Alfred Alderman, B. F. Keith, J. C. Stevenson, J. A. Montgomery, P. B. Manning, and Owen Fennell were elected trustees.

DIED IN SAN ANTONIO.

Mr. James Shackelford, Formerly a Prominent Citizen of Wilmington.

The remains of Mr. James Shackelford who died last Friday, the 14th inst., in San Antonio, Texas, arrived in Wilmington yesterday and will be interred in Oakdale Cemetery this morning. The funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock at the Lodge.

Mr. Shackelford died in his 80th year. He was born and married in Newbern, N. C., and for many years was a prominent citizen of Wilmington, and as a member of the firm of Shackelford, Haas & Co., one of its leading business men. A member of the Board of Aldermen, and acting Mayor when the Federal forces entered Wilmington near the close of the war, he surrendered the city to Gen. Schofield. He leaves a daughter and two sons—Miss Julia and Mr. William Shackelford, residing in Baltimore, Md., and Mr. John Shackelford, of Tarboro, N. C.

Reception Thursday Night.

The Clarendon Yacht Club will have the formal opening of their club house Thursday night. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the club held last night, it was decided to have the reception and entertainment Thursday night instead of to-morrow evening, as previously announced. A rare programme of music has been arranged for the occasion, while Prof. Miller's orchestra will furnish the dance music and assist in the concert. The Seacoast railroad will run a train to Ocean View at 7.15 o'clock p. m., returning at 11 o'clock.

Out to Sea.

Aid the "Woman's Ward" movement and put yourself in a way to have a good time by buying a ticket for the excursion to-morrow given by the Hospital Guild. Stops will be made at Carolina Beach, Old Brunswick and Southport. The party will also be treated to a glimpse of old ocean. The committee in charge consists of Mrs. H. Dudley Burkheimer, chairman, Mrs. S. H. Fishblate, and Mrs. Josh. T. James. Tickets are on sale at Warren's, Palace Bakery, Yates' book store, and Haar's music store.

U. S. District Court.

Again yesterday the time of the United States District Court was taken up in hearing the case of the White Oak River Corporation Company vs. Thos. McIntyre. The morning session was set to hear the argument of the different counsel upon questions of law. At 3 o'clock the afternoon session convened and hearing of the evidence of Mr. Jno. D. Costin, of Onslow, was resumed, after which the plaintiffs rested their case. The defence introduced witnesses Henry Brown, E. Ludford, and a man named Cherry, and were examining witness E. D. Hargrave, when Court took a recess until this morning.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

BISHOP CHESHIRE LEAVES FOR NEW YORK.

Brotherhood of St. Andrew—The Shriners' Return—Penitentiary Annex—The Glass-Hart Scandal.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 17.

Bishop Cheshire left for New York this morning and before sailing for London to attend the Lambeth Conference of Bishops he will make a two weeks' visitation for Bishop Potter, of New York. Bishop Potter sails earlier than the other Bishops.

The convention of the Brotherhood took final adjournment yesterday. Many religious exercises marked the session yesterday. Interesting addresses were delivered by Rev. J. N. McCormick, of Atlanta; John Wood, Esq., of New York, and other distinguished Brotherhood visitors. The place of meeting for the next convention was left with a committee.

The Raleigh Shriners returned from Wilmington yesterday, and they speak most pleasantly of their trip and especially of the handsome entertainment by their Wilmington brethren.

Two more herds of cattle in this county are being examined for tuberculosis.

Superintendent Smith of the penitentiary, has nearly completed the annex for the accommodation of the criminal insane. There are separate buildings for the two sexes. Mr. Smith expects to take the criminal insane in the penitentiary June first. They will not wear the prison uniform.

There is only one insane convict in the penitentiary. His name is Abe Hester and he has been there for ten years. He is from the Western part of the State.

Mrs. George H. Glass and her sister, Mrs. J. B. Beddingfield, accompanied by Mr. Beddingfield, arrived in the city yesterday from Richmond and are quartered at the Park Hotel. It is understood that Mrs. Glass will institute action against Mr. Glass for slander. The sentiment among the people in Raleigh seems to be very largely with Mrs. Glass, who has always been held in high esteem here.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 5; Louisville, 0.
Pittsburg, 3; New York, 2.
Cincinnati, 8; Philadelphia, 2.
Boston, 10; Chicago, 1.
Cleveland, 8; Washington, 7.
Brooklyn, 15; St. Louis, 5.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Washington at Cleveland.
Baltimore at Louisville.
New York at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.

SUNDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 14; St. Louis, 5.
Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 4.
Cincinnati, 7; Louisville, 6.
Cleveland-Washington—prevent'd

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	17	3	.850
Pittsburg	12	6	.666
Cincinnati	14	7	.666
Philadelphia	13	7	.650
Louisville	9	8	.529
Boston	10	9	.526
Cleveland	10	10	.500
Brooklyn	8	11	.421
New York	6	10	.375
Chicago	6	14	.300
Washington	5	13	.277
St. Louis	4	16	.200

The game between Cleveland and Washington, at Cleveland, on Sunday, only lasted one inning. Both teams, together with Umpire Timothy Hurt, were arrested for playing ball on the Sabbath, but were released on bail. This case will be a test case to see if Sunday base ball playing is lawful in Cleveland. Reports say that one of the biggest crowds of the season was in attendance. The members of the teams taken into custody were Burkett Sockalexis, Tebeau, McKean, Powell, Wallace, Blake, Zimmer and Wilson, of the Clevelands, and Brown, Selbach, DeMontreville, Farrell, O'Brien, Cartwright, Abbey, German and Reilly of the Washingtons.

Once again yesterday the Giants met defeat; this time at the hands of Pittsburg, and with the famous Rusie in the box. Killen pitched for Pittsburg and held the Giants down to two hits, which is the pitcher's record for the season.

A week ago the Colonels held second place, but since that time they have been steadily dropping, but only after game battles. Yesterday they suffered their first shut out at the hands of the Orioles, who can do the best of them. Naps pitched for Baltimore.

Boston had an easy mark in the Colts yesterday, while the game between the Reds and the Quakers was one of the best of the season.

Severely Hurt.

John Miller, a colored employe at Taylor's bicycle store, happened to a rather serious accident last evening between 6 and 7 o'clock. He was riding on a bicycle near the corner of Second and Market streets when he collided with the wheel of a passing dray.

The unfortunate man was thrown on the pavement, where he lay unconscious for several minutes. He was removed thence to the bicycle store and Dr. T. S. Burbank summoned to render medical assistance. Examination showed a long gash upon Miller's head, which was probably the worst of his injuries.

Illustrated Lecture.

Rev. J. T. Betts, of Richmond, Va., will give his illustrated lecture at the Baptist church to-night, beginning at 8 o'clock. A stereopticon, burning lime light, will throw on the scene views reproduced from photographs made by Mr. Betts in a tour of the Holy Land. Interest will be added by the appearance of four ladies and five gentlemen in foreign costumes. The proceeds of the lecture will go to the new church.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

DIED.

SHACKELFORD—At San Antonio, Texas, on the 14th inst., JAMES SHACKELFORD, formerly of this city, in the 80th year of his age.

Funeral services at the Lodge, Oakdale Cemetery, at 11 a. m., Tuesday, May 18th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ST. JOHN'S HALL, May 18, 1897.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome.

my 18 1t THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

Excursion.

THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL FAMILY EXCURSION of the Hibernian Benevolent Society to Carolina Beach, Thursday, May 20th, 1897. Music, dancing and refreshments.

Fare for round trip 35 cents. my 73 1t

Business Change.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST of C. D. Jacobs in the firm of Jacobs & Marshall, Commission Merchants and Naval Stores Dealers, notice is hereby given that the business will hereafter be conducted in the name of Saunders & Marshall, at 127 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.

H. G. SAUNDERS.

P. S.—Consignments solicited, best prices guaranteed and quick returns.

my 18 1t SAUNDERS & MARSHALL.

For Rent.

COTTAGES AT OCEAN VIEW and Carolina Beach.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

my 16 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 5TH, 1897, DAILY except Sunday: Leave Wilmington, 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday Trains: Leave Wilmington, 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 12 m., 5 p. m.

my 4 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

The Circus.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT TO-DAY CAN be found "Harper's Weekly," "Standard," "Puck," "Judge," "Truth" and other illustrated papers, besides many story papers. A full stock of N. Y. dailies. Either the "Journal" or the "World" for two cents. Reach's Base Ball Guide for 1897 just received. my 9 tf

Excursion Wednesday.

THE "HOSPITAL GUILD" WILL GIVE AN excursion on Wednesday, May 19th, 1897, to Carolina Beach, Old Brunswick, to Southport and out to sea. It is hoped by the Guild that it will be liberally patronized, as the proceeds are to aid them in their work of erecting the "Woman's Ward."

To every one who can attend an enjoyable day is vouched for by the committees in charge.

The Steamer will make only one trip, leaving at 9.30 a. m. Fare 50 cents.

Mrs. H. Dudley Burkheimer, Chairman; Mrs. S. H. Fishblate, Mrs. John T. James, Committee.

my 18 1t

At The Unlucky Corner

THIS WEEK

PARCHED LAGUYRA COFFEE,
PARCHED RIO COFFEE.
Ground if you wish it.
LUMP STARCH.

Every housekeeper should lay in a stock of above articles, as never before was the price so low.

S. W. SANDERS.

my 18 tf

Big Reduction

—IN—

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.

my 18 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $2.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.00. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights a year. mar 29 tf

THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

Opens at Nashville, May 1st, and closes October 30th, 1897.

For this occasion the

Seaboard Air Line

Will sell

Excursion Tickets

At VERY REDUCED RATES, the following being total rates from points named:

		A.	B.	C.
Charlotte	N. C.	$24 60	$18 05	$12 75
Cheraw	S. C.	26 25	19 25	13 80
Durham	N. C.	26 25	19 25	14 60
Hamlet	"	26 75	19 25	14 00
Henderson	"	25 25	19 25	14 60
Lincolnton	"	24 60	18 75	13 75
Lewiston	"	27 00	19 80	14 45
Louisburg	"	25 25	19 75	14 60
Maxton	"	26 25	19 25	14 60
Monroe	"	21 70	18 65	13 75
Pittsboro	"	27 00	19 80	14 25
Raleigh	"	26 25	19 25	14 60
Rutherfordton	"	24 60	18 75	13 75
Sanford	"	26 25	19 25	14 60
Shelby	"	24 60	18 05	12 75
Wadesboro	"	21 95	19 05	13 80
Weldon	"	25 27	19 25	14 60
Wilmington	"	26 25	19 25	14 00

Class A. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit November 7th.

Class B. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit twenty (20) days from date of sale.

Class C. Tickets sold Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, April 29th to October 26th. Final limit ten (10) days from date of sale.

Through service between all points on the

Seaboard Air Line

—TO—

NASHVILLE.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

Run through without change

For further information as to rates, schedules, train service, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address

H. S. LEARD, S. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
S. S. BATCHELOR, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
T. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
GEO. MCP. BATTLE, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen'l Agent, Passenger Department, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. John, V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager.
J. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.

my 6 tf

We are still receiving nice new fresh goods. Gents, Ladies, Boys and Girls of many styles and kinds. Beautiful lines of Children and Infant's

SHOES.

We take occasion to thank the generous public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed, and ask a continuance of the same. We solicit a trial from those who have not dealt with us. In passing look in our window. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. my 2 tf

Sale of Valuable Phosphate Lands and MACHINERY.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1897, AT THE County Court House door in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following property of the North Carolina Phosphate Company, to-wit: A certain tract of land in the said county of New Hanover, beginning at the North side of the bridge over Prince George's creek on the Wilmington and Newbern road, and running thence Northeastwardly with said road to its intersection with the land of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, thence N. 70 d g. 15 minutes E. 23 chains 30 links with the land of said Railroad Company to a stake; thence N. 63 deg. W. 107 chains 95 links to the swamp; thence Southwardly with said swamp to Prince George's creek; thence Eastwardly with the meanderings of said creek to the beginning, containing eight hundred acres. Said land is described in a deed of trust from the North Carolina Phosphate Company to A. B. Andrews and others, Trustees, dated January 1st, 1889, and duly registered in New Hanover county.

Also all and every the rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises of the said North Carolina Phosphate Company, and all the works, machinery, property and effects of the said corporation now upon the land above described.

Said sale is made pursuant to the judgment of Wake Superior Court rendered at April term, 1897, in the cause therein pending entitled, "A. B. Young and others against the North Carolina Phosphate Company and others," No. 6912 Civil Issue Docket. Said judgment appearing on Minute Docket "B", pages 81 *et seq.* of the records of said Court. Terms of sale, Cash. Hour of sale, 12 m.

C. M. BUSBEE,
S. F. MORDECAI,
Commissioners.

May 5th, 1897.
my 5 tds

Best Quality Only

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Flour, Sugar, Molasses,

SALT MEAT, LARD,

Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, Lime, Cement.

Nails, Rivets, Hoop Iron, Snuff, Lye, Soap, Tobacco, Cigars, Cakes, Crackers.

Lowest cash prices.

WORTH & WORTH.

ap 9 tf

Attention Everybody.

300 bus. Field Peas for seed.
1,000 kegs Cut and Wire Nails.
50 barrels Mullets.
100 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
100 ounces P. & W. Quinine.
50 doz. Groves' Chill Tonic.
and a full line of heavy groceries at prices to meet any market. We only ask a trial.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122 & 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 7 tf

Cooling, Refreshing, Emollient.

Pyxis Toilet Cream

—FOR—

ROUGHNESS, TAN, SUNBURN.

Most Drug Stores sell it, 25 cents.

JAMES D. NUTT, Proprietor.

ap 25 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1897

METALLIC MONEY.

Some of the opponents of the free and unlimited coinage of silver are opposed to it because they say it is unnecessary, that we have already all the silver money we need, and that very little of any kind of metallic money is necessary. Precisely what they mean by "very little," in this connection, they do not explain, but what they mean to say is that much of the world's business is done with checks, and that about the only money that passes is in the payment of the difference between the face value of the checks. It is true that in the commercial dealings between different nations comparatively little money changes hands when we consider the amount of business done, but it must be remembered that commerce between nations consists largely in barter and therefore comparatively little money is needed, but when we come to our domestic commerce it is different, for in this while there is some barter, of course, there is less than in international commerce, and consequently more money is needed. Certainly checks figure very largely, especially in the speculative markets where property does not necessarily change hands and the same property, whether it be wheat or cotton or something else is sold over and over again the same day. But these checks are simply the representatives of money and take the place of money as bank notes do, but they must have money behind them to give them credit, as the bank note must have metallic money behind it to give it commercial standing.

The grain manipulator who does business in the pit may sell and take checks from the buyer or he may buy and give his check to the seller and in the settling up very little money pass from one to the other, and so with the cotton speculator, dealer in stocks, etc., but when the grain buyer buys from the farmer he must have money, for that is what the farmer must have. He may give the farmer as a matter of convenience a check on a local bank, where it will be cashed at once. There is no less money used here, although the check figures as a matter of convenience. In these first transactions money is needed and a great deal of it. The fact that checks are used does not lessen the quantity of money used. They simply obviate the necessity of using the same money repeatedly in passing it from hand to hand, and serve in this way as a convenience. The presumption is that there is money behind these checks, so that the money is performing its offices through its representative checks although it may be locked up in bank vaults.

These contenders admit that the country needs a great deal of money, much more than it has now, at least with the present plan of distributing it, but they say that checks and bank notes will supply the need, and and that with these checks and bank notes a very small amount of metallic currency will suffice. It is true that comparatively little coined money, whether gold or silver, is in actual circulation, for neither is convenient, and therefore they remain in the vaults and perform service through the notes that represent them, either gold or silver certificates, or bank notes, all of which are based on coin and are accepted simply as the representatives of coin.

But every one of these notes must to be honest money have coin enough at their call to redeem them, otherwise they are frauds. The man who would give his note payable in coin on demand without having the coin to meet it when presented would simply be perpetrating a fraud upon the man he gave the note to, and so would the bank which issued notes without making provision for the redemption of those notes when they were presented at its counters.

This makes it necessary to have as much or more metallic money ready to call upon than there is of paper money in circulation, more, we say, for a very large amount of the metallic money would be so scattered and distributed that it could not be utilized in redeeming the paper if it should all be presented for redemption simultaneously. Of course there is no probability of this, and that is the reason why very small amounts of coin are kept on hand to redeem large amounts of paper.

While this paper passes current, will buy what one wants and pay debts people are not going to worry over the question whether the banks have coin reserve enough to make good their notes upon presentation, but the note that has not its equivalent of coin to make it good is really a fraud, although it continues to perform the functions of money.

The fact is that on a strictly honest basis paper money should not be counted as a part of the volume in circulation, being, as it is, simply representing a circulating substitute of the coin supposed to be at command. This is one of the sequences of degrading silver and making gold the only money of final redemption. There isn't enough of it. There isn't one-third enough of it in the country to redeem the paper redeemable in coin, which the gold worshippers contend means gold. With silver restored and the mints opened to it, there would be metallic money enough within command to stand behind any note that might be issued, and there never will be until the mints are opened to silver.

MINOR MENTION.

Florida is becoming a great tobacco-growing State, the ventures made within the past couple years having proved so successful that the acreage has increased immensely and tobacco growing has taken the place to a large extent of orange growing. The frosts which a couple years ago killed so many orange trees, followed by the war in Cuba, which interfered with tobacco growing on the island and practically put an end to importations of Cuba leaf started and gave impetus to the industry in Florida, and also brought to Florida many Cubans who were familiar with the culture and handling of the leaf. Many Cubans are planting on their own account and many are employed by the Florida planters. The acreage has increased immensely in the Southern part of the State, but the culture is not confined to that section, for there are large tobacco plantations in other sections and factories erected where the leaf is manufactured into cigars and plugs. It is claimed that the tobacco grown is in every respect equal to the Cuban product, and as the soil yields well the profits are large, many of the planters clearing from $200 to $250 an acre. As there is yet plenty of land, and good land, in that State which can be purchased at low prices, the probabilities are that this industry will continue to grow rapidly, for the planter doesn't have to wait five or six years for returns as when he plants fruit trees, but gets his returns, and good ones, within the year.

* * *

The Newbern *Journal*, which does not agree with Senator Pritchard politically, had an article a few days ago complimentary of the fidelity with which he sticks to his friends. The Senator seems to be entitled to all the credit that is due on that account, for he is certainly a good sticker. He may have, and doubtless has, the regulation amount of "senatorial dignity," but he doesn't seem to think that this conflicts in any way with hustling for the boys who hustled for him and helped to make him Senator, in which he differs very much from some other gentlemen who as soon as they strike Washington in the Senatorial capacity become inflated, forget the ante-election services rendered them, and deem it beneath their dignity to do anything to help the men who did a great deal to help them, unless in the case of special friends or dependents or members of their own households. The contrast is creditable to Senator Pritchard, who acts on the principle that one good turn deserves another, and that becoming a Senator does not release a man from obligations incurred when he needed friends. Whatever may be thought of the spoils system, devotion to friends is a commendable trait, and Senator Pritchard has shown that in this respect he is a stalwart. We don't like his politics, but we do like the fidelity with which he sticks to the fellows who stuck to him.

* * *

The wool men do not like the Senate wool schedules in the new tariff bill; the sugar cane growers do not like the sugar schedule; the rice growers do not like the rice schedule; the tobacco manufacturers do not like the increase in the tobacco tax; the beer brewers do not like the increase in the tax on beer; the tanners and shoe men do not like the tax on hides; the coal consumers do not like the proposed increase of duties on coal, and now comes the report that the Pennsylvania metallic protectionists are kicking like Kentucky mules against the amount of protection on tinplate, wire rope, and several other items. And thus it goes. There is kicking all around and great dissatisfaction among the protected where the Senate has pared down the protection given by the House bill. As it is a game of grab, in which each is trying to get all he can and in which each will fight to the last to get all he can, the sponsors for this bill certainly have no easy task before them, and are not going to push it through without a pretty thorough and in all probability a protracted debate.

Secretary Long estimates the cost of a Government armor plant at $3,000,000. They come high, but the Secretary thinks we ought to have 'em and raise our own armor plate.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R. C. BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

Seventy million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Revenue Officers Lewis and Roussea came in from Mocksville this morning. They made a raid yesterday and captured a big blockade distillery about two miles from Mocksville. They declined to give either names or particulars of the capture. It is learned from another source that the distillery belonged to G. J. Booe, near Nestor. Deputy Collector Hunt seized the distillery of Granville Anderson, colored, near Mocksville last Tuesday.

— Marion *Messenger*: An interesting party passed through town on Saturday en route from Casper, Wyoming, to Pittsboro, N. C. They are originally from York county, Pa. The elder gentleman, Mr. W. H. Duling, has with him a family of four persons, a grown son, wife and adopted daughter. They have travelled over 2,000 miles in their two wagons, one drawn by four and one by two horses. In one wagon is a cook stove, eating table, etc. Both of them are fitted up for travelling homes, in which to sleep and eat with considerable convenience. They are to engage in fruit and truck farming in Chatham county. They have been six months on the road. If the party is pleased more immigrants will follow them.

— Windsor *Orient*: Mrs. Emelia White, who lives in Colerain township, is a most remarkable woman. She was born in 1811, being now 86 years old, and can sew, knit and read fine print without the use of glasses and without difficulty, and can walk three without apparent fatigue. She is the mother of eleven children, ten of whom she raised to be grown and married. A count of her offspring a few days ago added 105 children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren. —— Mr. Geo. A. Harden tells us that on last Friday he and nine men went in the Cashie swamp to take a bee tree. He tells us also that the bee tree was successfully taken and after the nine men had eaten honey and biscuits till satisfied they gathered the honey to carry away. The amount gotten was two fish kegs full and six buckets full, varying in size. This, of course, included the comb, but he says the comb was full.

— Mount Airy *News*: The complaint among country people about the scarcity of money is growing daily. There is great need of money among those who are trying to make crops, and some of the farmers will be compelled to make second mortgages before the crop is laid by. —— We learn from a number of farmers in different sections of Surry and adjoining counties that the outlook for a fairly good crop of fruit is very promising. These reports do not cover all the territory in this section of the State, but enough is known to warrant us in stating that we will have peaches and apples this year sufficient to supply our own requirements and some to spare. —— The earthquake on Monday of last week played havoc on the Blue Ridge in sight of Mount Airy. A rock 21x18 feet and about eight feet thick was hurled down the mountain at Fisher's Peak, a distance of perhaps five hundred feet, carrying everything in its path. Trees two feet in diameter were cut off level with the ground. Many other rocks of various sizes were also shaken loose. Fortunately no person was in the vicinity.

CURRENT COMMENT

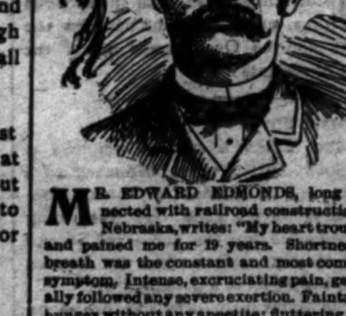
—— Senator Tillman has pushed his pitchfork into the marrow of the sugar scandal. It is either to go to the bottom and get at the truth or else hush.—*Augusta Choronicle, Dem.*

—— Ex-President Benjamin Harrison, when in Chicago on business the other day, was left at home in the hotel to "mind the baby," while Mrs. Harrison went out to replenish the baby's wardrobe, and do some shopping. According to the testimony of half a dozen bell boys and several chambermaids as to the ex-President's performance of this new duty, he evidently had a comparatively easy time of it when he ran things in the White House.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— "The advance in sugar securities on the Stock Exchange," says the New York *Journal of Commerce*, "is good evidence that the refineries have had their usual success with the Senate." The New York *Herald* estimates that the designedly obscure rates of the new schedule will increase the "protection" afforded by the existing tariff by nearly 70 per cent. The great trusts controls Congress and is strong enough to defy the people. Great is the Republic, but the dollar is greater.—*Charleston News and Courier.*

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.



MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. [Change. June 15 1y su tu th

TWINKLINGS.

— Two Views: "Plunks is all torn up about that burglary." "Yes; and Mrs. Plunks is tickled to death because now everybody knows that she had seven dozen silver spoons to be stolen."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Weeping and Crying: "Don't cry," he entreated. Then he perceived that her handkerchief was edged with the most exquisite lace. "Don't weep," he said, correcting himself.—*Detroit Journal.*

— Willie Simpson—I put a pin in the teacher's chair this morning, and he was wild.

Bobby Smitem—Well, he won't sit down in such a hurry again.

Willie Simpson—No; neither will I.—*Tit Bits.*

— She had wandered into a department store. "I want some flowers for a german," she explained to a floorwalker.

"Count or baron?" he asked, politely. She gave him a haughty glance and walked out.—*Chicago Post.*

— "Your son is graduated this spring?"

"Yes."

"What position will he accept?"

"He hasn't decided yet. The Brooklyns have made him an offer to play short, and the Bostons want him at second."—*Ohio State Journal.*

Daughter—"Yes, I've graduated, but now I must inform myself in psychology, bibli—" Practical Mother—"Stop right where you are. I have arranged for you a thorough course in roastology, boilology, stitchology, darnology, patchology and general domestic hustology. Now get on your working clothes."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Ruined.—Proprietor—"What are you taking back, there?"

Waiter—"Customer sent this steak back; says he couldn't eat it."

Proprietor (examining it)—"Take it back to him at once and tell him he'll have to pay for it. We can never use it again; he has bent it all out of shape."—*Pick Me-Up.*

A COMBINATION WEAPON.

It Would Be a Dangerous Thing In the Hands of a Desperate Man.

"The designer of this weapon certainly had no moral object in view," remarked a Davis street instrument maker as he displayed a combination six shooter, dagger and brass knuckles. The weapon is ingenious in its construction, but the average man cannot grasp the purpose of the talent that perfected the work. The owner of the aggressive freak keeps it on exhibition, surrounded by a lot of sextants, chronometers, glasses and similar needs of navigators.

"I know very little about the weapon," he explained. "It was given to me by a sea captain, who claims to have purchased it in a Mexican port. It has few marks, but still they are sufficient to establish that a Frenchman invented it." A. L. Dolne, Invur, is engraved on the barrel, and that is the extent of the marks of identification.

At first glance and even after inspection the freak impresses one as being the most villainous tool ever designed for a burglar, highwayman or tough. A glance at its make up shows that it carries danger and death at three points, yet it does not exceed ten inches in length when arranged for full action.

The central portion of the piece is a six chambered revolver designed to use the pin fire cartridges once so popular, but obsolete since the invention of the center fire cartridge that may be reloaded. The handle is a sure enough brass knuckle, arranged by a joint to swing around so that the cartridge chamber will form a cushion for the fighter's hand.

At the end of the barrel, also provided with a swinging pivot, is a four inch double edged dagger sharp as a razor and long enough to do a world of mischief.

It is unlikely that the local ordinance concerning the carrying of concealed weapons could be extended to include the possession of such a fiendish design. In the hands of an angered man or in the possession of an intending burglar it would be a miracle if one escaped injury from some point of the three faced weapon. It is equally dangerous at a distance and close quarters. If a shot misses, there remain the alternative of closing in and using either the dagger or the brass knuckles.

It is difficult to ascertain the popularity of the weapon, as they are not on sale. There is a similar design in the window of a Washington street pawnbroker, who procured it from a seafaring man. The weapons bear no date, but it is not hard to believe that they were designed for the use of the gentlemen who work when honest people are abed. The death dealer seems quite at home when arranged with a jimmy and other factors of a burglar's kit.—San Francisco Examiner.

Had Him Safe.

It is well known that a great many barristers in the Temple have been having a bad time during the last year or so. One evening last winter a certain young barrister—now a Welsh M. P.—went across to the Inner Temple library. He was surprised by the sudden appearance of his errand boy, who was looking very excited. "If you please, sir," the boy gasped, "a gentleman is waiting for you at the chambers with a brief. He can't get out, sir. I've locked him in."—Strand Magazine.

England and Australia are the only islands which exceed Cuba in natural resources. When not wasted by war, Cuba produces, with a large share of her soil untouched, $100,000,000 worth of sugar and tobacco annually besides the products of orchards and forests, rivers and mountain mines.

Off the northeast coast of New Guinea the island of Kitaba, surrounded by a wall of coral 800 feet high on the outside and from 50 to 100 feet on the inside, maintains 13 villages of natives, to whom war, crime and poverty have been unknown since the beginning of their traditions.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington Ind., "Sun" writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Consumption and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2025 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a Bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DEATH OF BOB FORD.

THE STORY AS CY WARMAN, WHO WAS ON THE GROUND, TELLS IT.

The Treachery of Jesse James' Slayer Repaid In Kind—It Was a Quiet Day In Creede—"Charity Covereth a Multitude of Sins"—The Hillside Graveyard.

It was a quiet day in Creede camp in the morning of the summer of 1892. Most of the miners were away in the hills. Many of the gamblers and others of the night shift were still sleeping, though it was now 4 o'clock.

A sorry looking young woman was working the shops and saloons on the shady side of the avenue. She carried a long sheet of writing paper, upon which she asked people to put their names and opposite their names the amount of their subscriptions. One of the girls had died the night before, and this money was asked in order to pay some one to dig a hole at the top of the hill and to hire an express wagon to haul the girl up there. When the woman came to the Leadville dance hall, she entered and was greeted sadly by another woman who stood over behind a low railing, which extended from the end of the bar to the front of the tent, fencing off a little space which served as an office for the proprietor and the woman, who was a silent partner in the firm. The visitor pushed the paper over toward the man—a small, sallow looking man of 32, who was ever fidgeting and glancing at the door of whatever house he happened to be in. The man glanced down the column, saw "Soapy Smith, $5," and as he hated "Soapy" he immediately raised him $5, gave the woman the money, and wrote just under his name and the $10, "Charity covereth a multitude of sins." Then he passed out from behind the bar and began walking slowly to the rear end of the long room.

The woman with the sorry face and the long white paper passed out. Upon the threshold she met a man in miner's clothes, and even as she turned to look at him a very short man rode up to the door of the tent and handed a double barreled shotgun to the man at the entrance. As the miner looking man entered the tent with the gun the woman with the paper turned as if she would follow him, for she feared that the stranger might do violence, reluctant as she was to believe that a man in a refined mining center would resort to the use of so clumsy, not to say unconventional, a shooting iron as a shotgun. "Hello, Bob!" called the man with the gun, and as the keeper of the dance hall turned he raised the weapon and let go both barrels. The shot, without scattering, entered the throat of the victim and carried his gold collar button out through the back of his neck.

The report of the shotgun startled the whole camp, and as the Leadville was directly opposite my hotel I rushed over and was almost the first man in the place. One man had preceded me, and as I entered he came out and shouted, "Bob Ford's dead!"

At the moment I entered the only person in the room was the insignificant looking woman in the little office. She was weeping. She knew me as the editor of the morning paper, and at once began to pour out the story of Bob's virtues. "He had planned," she said, "to do much good." "Yes," said I, "it is reported that he intended to kill off the entire Chronicle force, including the editor."

"Yes, I know," she went on hurriedly, for the place was filling up rapidly, "but he didn't mean it—he told me so—he didn't have it in fur you—all a little bit. But, say," she continued, waving a hand in the direction of the corpse and her eyes filled with a fresh flood of tears, "just to think they should shoot him with that kind of a gun—it—just breaks—my heart!" and she leaned her head upon the bar and wept.

"Well," said I, glancing toward the rear of the room to make sure he was still there, "Bob's all right. He's a good fellow—now."

I had known Ford. He was the first man to whom I was introduced upon my first visit to the camp. He had been our guide and had shown Judge Rooker and me the camp by candlelight. It was upon this occasion that I noticed his nervousness. If a man came in and left the door open, Ford would slip back and shut it. If there was a mirror over the bar, he always kept his eyes on it, not to see himself, but to observe those who passed to and fro behind him.

In a pleasant way I asked him if he was expecting some one. He answered, smiling sadly, that he was always expecting some one.

Kelly, the "tough citizen," who removed Ford, seemed, strangely enough, to regard the killing of this man much as Ford had looked upon the killing of Jesse James. Ford was an open enemy of society, and only a month before his death had closed all the business houses and put the camp to bed at 9 p. m. The morning paper had suggested that Ford be informed that he would be expected in the future to refrain from shutting up the town, leave the camp or be hanged, just as he pleased, and for that he swore he would kill off the working force, from the editor in chief down to "Freckle Jimmie," the devil.

However, Kelly was wrong. He was condemned even by Ford's enemies for his cowardly act, just as the public had disapproved of the murder of Jesse James. All agreed that the removal of Jesse would facilitate the movement of trains in Missouri, and that Ford's absence would add much to the peace and quiet of Creede camp, but no man admires a coward. So Kelly was arrested, and in Judge Bell's court he was surprised to receive a life sentence in the pen.

On the morning of the day following the killing half a hundred people assembled in a storeroom where religious services were held. They brought Ford's coffin and placed it upon a bench, and then the preacher got up and preached a funeral sermon. He was not very enthusiastic, I thought, but he had a tough client and a hard case. He took for his text, if he could be said to have taken anything, the line which Ford had written upon the white paper, "Charity covereth a multitude of sin," and made the most of it.

When he had finished, an express wagon backed up to the door, they put the dead man in, and the wagon wound away up the trail to a level spot above the town, where the unwept and unfortunate girl had been buried the day Ford died, where all about were new made graves, where Gambler Joe Simmons and "Slanting Annie" slept side by side.

The autumn winds blow bleak and chill
The sighing, quivering aspen waves
About the summit of the hill,
Above the unrecorded graves,
Where halt, abandoned burros feed
And coyotes call—and this is Creede.

—Cy Warman in New York Sun.

Bees, according to a statistician, must in order to collect a pound of clover honey deprive 62,000 clover blossoms of their nectar. To do this the 62,000 flowers must be visited by an aggregate of 3,750,000 bees, or, in other words, to collect this pound of honey, one bee must make 3,750,000 trips from and to the hive.

No fewer than 629,897 people named Muller are now living in Germany.

The favorite foods of the Kaffirs are locusts, ant eggs and various insects.

In some districts of Australia the kangaroo has been almost exterminated.

Both Koreans and Japanese are lovers of raw fish.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, LaGrippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

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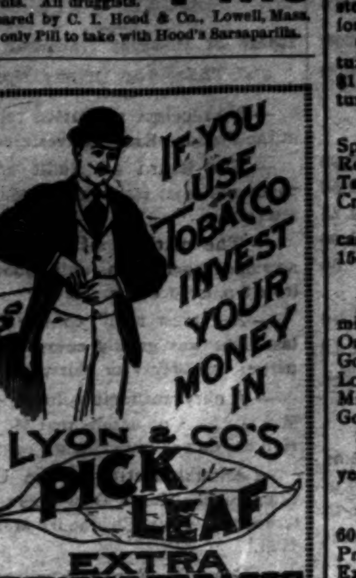
easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Carrying Her Own Hat.

You can always spot the woman who carries home her own hat—not by the hat, which in politic hands may be wrapped up into the semblance of something quite different from what it really is, but the woman's self consciousness. There's no disguising that. It forces itself upon the observer as it is forced upon the woman whether she will or no. It is insistent, dominant. She can't get away from it. Whether walking along the street or wedging through a shop or swinging from a strap in a street car, she is filled with the one awful inexorable knowledge—that she is carrying home her own hat. The dumb, lifeless parcel is itself infected. Other bundles, whatever their size, shape or sort, and however she may hate to carry them, are somehow less demonstrative, less self advertising. But a hat! If boxed, its corners have a way of urging themselves upon people's notice; if bundled, it is sure to crackle and crunch until every one turns to see what it can be that it is making such a noise.

When Jack o' the Beanstalk steals the giant's harp, it cries, "Master, master!" all the way home. The hat carried home by its owner is not eloquent. The woman may be only too thankful if the paper doesn't give way altogether and expose her purchase to the gaze of the gaping multitude. There are women, of course, to whom the opportunity of testing all this has never been vouchsafed, just as there are men who have never surveyed the world from the vantage ground of a bootblack's chair. But whether your experience of the thing has been personal or impersonal, you must be aware that whatever her natural characteristics a woman is sure to develop a dreadful self consciousness when she carries home her own hat.—New York Sun.

For the Face.

To keep the face clean without the use of soap make a little bag of cheesecloth and fill it with bran, oatmeal or almond, and when you wash your face use this bag in place of the soap. When the bag is dried, it may be utilized again if the meal is almond. But where oatmeal is used it should be renewed every day.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	@	6
Standard	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	12 @	14
Sides ℔ lb	6 @	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6 @	8¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	@	5½
Shoulders ℔ lb	4¾ @	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	1 30 @	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	22 @	23
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ lb	10 @	16
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	30 @	42½
Virginia Meal	33 @	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	12 @	13½
Dairy, Cream	14 @	14½
State	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	9½ @	15
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	8 @	10
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	[illegible] 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00 @	3 [illegible]
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	4 00
Choice	@	4 50
Straight	4 50 @	5 00
First Patent	5 50 @	5 75
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	45 @	42½
Car load, in bags—White	42½ @	45
Oats, from store	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	42½ @	45
Cow Peas	60 @	90
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Clover Hay	75 @	80
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	95
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	@	3
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	5½ @	6
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hhds	@	28
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	26 @	29
" in bbls	@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 50 @	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	9 50
Rump	@	9 00
Prime	@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	80
Lisbon	@	
American	@	80
On 125 lb Sacks	40 @	60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 50 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	@	[illegible]
Standard A	@	[illegible]
White Ex. C	@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4 @	[illegible]
C. Yellow	@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00 @	6 50
" Sap	5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb	4 @	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1 30 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet, 23¼, 23c; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar quiet, $1.00; crude turpentine quiet, $1 30, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	58
Rosin	623
Tar	124
Crude Turpentine	56

Receipts same day last year—101 casks spirits turpentine, 556 bbls rosin, 150 bbls tar, 43 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market firm on a basis of 7⅛c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅛	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅛	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅜	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—00 bales; same day last year 55.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy 50c.

CORN—Firm; 43½@45 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5 50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 17—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487⅜ for demand 486¼@486½ for sixty days. Posted rates 487 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485¼@485½. Silver certificates 61¼@61⅞. Government bonds were weak; fives, registered, 113; fives, coupon, 113; fours registered, 110½, fours, coupon, 112; twos, registered, 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 124; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 65@1 67½. Spirits turpentine steady at 28@28½c.

CHARLESTON, May 17.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; sales 40 casks. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations: B, C, $1 25, D, E $ 30, F G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 65, N $1 75, W G $1 85, W W $3 00.

SAVANNAH, May 17.—Spirits turpentine steady at 25¼c; sales of 110 casks; receipts 1,499 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 43 barrels; receipts 4.269 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The cotton market opened at a decline of 4 to 6 points, following unsatisfactory cables and generally favorable crop accounts at hand while the first call was proceeding. Following the call the market ruled irregular but for the most part in buyers' favor, prices further declining 6@9 points. The market was finally steady at a net loss of 4@13 points, chiefly on the near positions, under a weaker ruling of spot cotton than apparent here for some time past. There were several feeble rallies but in the main the undertone was weak, later cables failing to afford support and later crop advices showing favorable average conditions for the rapid development of the crop. The fact that the Liverpool market closed at a decline of 2 64d for the day was a distinct disappointment.

NEW YORK, May 17—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅝c.

Cotton futures closed steady; sales 126,-500 bales; January 6 87, February 6 92, March 6 96, May 7 30, June 7 30, July 7 34, August 7 27, September 6 98, October 6 81, November 6 81, December 6 83.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 7⅝c; middling gulf 8c; sales of 3,288 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 3.701 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 3 911 bales; forwarded 1,181 bales; sales 3,288 bales; sales to spinners —— bales; stock (actual) 164,-907 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 5,306 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France 7,001 bales; to the Continent 14 713 bales; stock 385,787 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 8 196 bales; exports to Great Britain 385 bales; to France 7,001 bales; to the Continent 23,711 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,527 678 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,910,769 bales; exports to France 699,350 bales; exports to the Continent 1,998,091 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

May 17.—Galveston, steady at 7¼, net receipts 279 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 7⅝, net receipts 153 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7⅞, net receipts — bales; Boston, firm at 7 13 16, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7⅛, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8, net receipts 168 bales; Savannah, easy at 7⅜, net receipts 389 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 7-16, net receipts 2,401 bales; Mobile, dull at 7 5-16, net receipts 213 bales; Memphis, dull at 7⅜, net receipts 168 bales; Augusta, nominal at 7⅝, net receipts 88 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7¼, net receipts 107 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 17—Evening.—Flour was dull and weaker to sell; Minnesota patents $4 25@4 45; winter patents $4 60@4 85. Wheat—Spot weaker; No. 1 New York 82⅝c; No. 1 Northern Duluth 84½c; options opened weaker and declined under favorable crop news, weak English cables and heavy spring wheat receipts, but later weakened under realizing and a light export demand and closed ⅜@1⅛c net lower; No. 2 red May 80⅝@80⅞c, closed at 80⅝c; June 79⅝@79⅞c, closed at 79⅝c; July 77 3-16@77 5-16c, closed at 77⅜c. Corn—spot was easy, No. 2 30c at elevator and 31c afloat; options opened weak under fine weather and lower cables, but ruled steady in the afternoon on a large export business, closing ⅛@⅜c lower; July 30 5-16@30⅜c, closed at 30⅜c; August 30⅝@30⅞c, closed at 30⅝c; September 31⅛@31⅜c, closed at 30⅝c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 23c; No. 2 delivered 24c; options opened dull and lower on fine crop news, closing ⅛@¼c net lower; May 22⅝c, closed at 22⅝c; July 22⅞@23⅜c, closed at 22¾c. Butter—the market was steady; Western creamery 11@14c; do. factory 7½@10½c; Elgins 14c; imitation creamery 10@12c; State dairy 10@14c; do. creamery 11½@14c. Cheese easy; State large 9@9¼c; small fancy 10@11c; western part skims 4@8c; full skims 3½@3c. Eggs were steady; State and Pennsylvania 11; Western fresh 10¼@10½c; Southern 9@9½c. Potatoes—market was quoted steady; New York 95c@$1 25; sweets $1 25@2 00; Southern new $3 50@5 50. Tallow dull; city ($3 package) 3@3 1-16c; country (package free) 3⅛@3 3-16c. Petroleum dull. Cotton seed oil dull. Rice steady. Molasses steady. Lard dull; Western steam $4 10, nominal; May $4 00, nominal; refined lard dull; Continent $4 40; South American $4 75. Pork steady. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 7⅞c; No. 7 jobbing 8½c; mild steady; Cordova 11½@18½c. Sugar—raw quiet and barely steady; fair refining 2⅝@2⅞c; centrifugal 96 test 3 5 16c; refined steady; Mould A 4⅝c; standard A 4⅜c; confectioners' A 4⅜c; cut-loaf and crushed 5⅛c; powdered 4⅝c; granulated 4⅜c; cubes 4⅝c.

CHICAGO, May 17.—All the grain and provision markets ruled weak to-day and closed at declines. Wheat was affected by weak cables and heavy world's shipments and declined 1½c. Corn and oats lost ⅛@¼c. Provisions suffered severely, pork losing 22½c, while lard and ribs declined about 7½c. each.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Cash quotations: Flour was easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 73⅛@73½c; No. 3 spring 73½c; No. 2 red 92⅛. Corn—No. 2, 24⅛@24⅞. Oats—No. 2 18c; No. 2 white free on board 22½@23¼c; No. 3 white free on board 21@22½c. Mess pork, per barrel $8 30@8 35. Lard, per 100 lbs $3 85. Short rib sides, loose, $4 40@4 65c. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 87½@5 00. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—May 73, 73, 72½, 72½c; July 71⅝, 72⅛, 71⅛, 71⅜; September 67⅛, 67⅜, 66⅛, 66⅜c. Corn—May 24⅛, 24⅜, 24⅛, 24⅜c; July 24⅞, 24⅞, 24⅝, 24⅞; September 25⅜, 26, 25⅜, 25⅝. Oats—No. 2 May 17⅞, 17⅞, 17⅛, 17⅛; July 17⅞, 18⅛, 17⅞, 17⅞; September 18, 18⅛, 17⅞, 18c. Mess pork—May closed at $8 20; July $8 40, 8 40, 8 10, 8 22½; September $8 40, 8 40, 8 25, 8 25. Lard—May $3 75, 3 75, 3 72½, 3 72½; July $3 82½, 3 82½, 3 77½, 3 80. September $3 92½, 3 92½, 3 87½, 3 90. Short ribs—May closed at $4 50; July $4 52½, 4 52½, 4 47½, 4 50; September $4 57½, 4 57½, 4 52½, 4 52½.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—Flour dull; Western superfine $2 75@3 00; do winter wheat patents $4 70@4 90; do spring $4 25@4 50; spring straight $4 00 4 20. Wheat dull and easy; spot and month 79⅛@79½c; July 75½c asked; August 73c asked; Southern by sample 85@88c. Corn easy; spot 30⅛@30½c; month 30@30½c; June 29⅛@29⅜c; July 29⅝@29⅞c; steamer mixed 27@27½c; Southern white 32c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 28@28½c; No. 2 mixed 24½@25c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, May 17.—4 P. M.—Cotton—spot dull and prices in favor of buyers. American middling 4 5-32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 7,300 American. Receipts none. Futures opened quiet with a good demand, and closed quiet at the decline. American middling (l. m. c.): May 4 4-64d buyer; May and June 4 3 64@4 4-64d seller; June and July 4 2 64@4 3 64d seller; July and August 4 1-64@4 2-64d seller; August and September 3 61 64@3 62-64d seller; September and October 3 54 64@3 55-64d buyer; October and November 3 49 64@3 50 64d buyer; November and December 3 47 64@3 48 64d buyer; December and January 3 46-64@4 47 64d seller; January and February 3 46-64@3 47 64d seller; February and March 3 47-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr Roger Moore, 312 tons, Miller, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Ida C Schoolcraft, 304 tons, Booye, Newport News, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

CLEARED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., May 16, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Roger Moore, 312 tons, Miller, Geo Harriss Son & Co.
Ida C Schoolcraft, 304 tons, Booye, Geo Harriss Son & Co.
C C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Robert W Dasey, 339 tons, Hunter, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Attivo, 620 tons, Trapani, Jas T Riley & Co.

BRIGS.

Caroline Gray, 311 tons, Locke, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

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TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade. Respectfully, ARTHUR PREMPERT, 11 South Front street.

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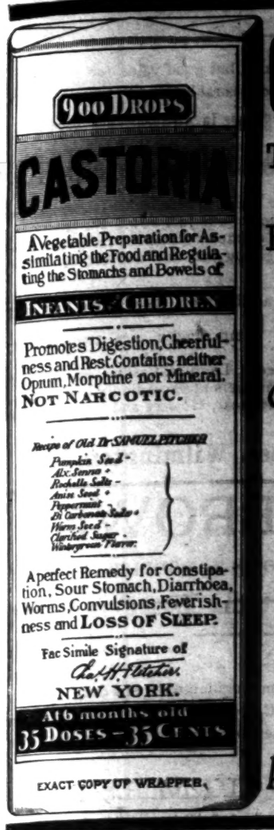
ALIMENTARY ELIXIR,
the best Tonic for
MALARIAL & other FEVERS.
Highly recommended by Physicians of Paris.
Agents: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.



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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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1897 MODEL

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Your Choice of Any of the Highest Grade $100 00 Bicycles, 1897 Model, Free of Cost by Using Some of Your Spare Moments.

The great strides made by THE NEW YORK TIMES within the last few months form a notable chapter in American journalism. During a period of general business depression THE NEW YORK TIMES has made steady progress, having within six months nearly doubled its circulation. This growth, while indeed gratifying, serves only to stimulate the management to greater efforts. With a view to the introduction of THE NEW YORK TIMES in homes where it is not now received, where the improvement that has been made may not be known, a plan has been devised to reward those who may assist in the work of increasing its circulation by offering to any man, woman, or child any one of the standard high-grade one hundred-dollar Bicycles, 1897 model, if they will secure one hundred (100) new subscribers for THE NEW YORK TIMES each for three months—$3 if delivered by carrier $1.50 if sent by mail. That no effort to increase the circulation of THE NEW YORK TIMES may go unrewarded to those who find they cannot secure more than fifty subscribers for three months each, the choice will be given of any fifty-dollar (retail price) bicycle, American manufacture, and to those who in their efforts fall short of fifty subscribers there will be paid 50 cents in cash for every subscriber less than fifty.

Remember you can have your Choice of any Bicycle of American Manufacture.

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Any person desiring to undertake the work of securing 100 subscribers should notify THE NEW YORK TIMES, and full instructions and blanks will be furnished. Under no circumstances will a subscription be accepted as making up the number required of any person who has been a regular reader of THE NEW YORK TIMES since Jan. 1, 1897. All lists will be investigated, and if it is found they include the name of any person who has recently been a regular reader, that subscription will not be accepted to make up the list of 100.

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Make up a list of your relatives, friends and acquaintances, only those to whom you are well known. Give their full name and Post Office addresses. When you have the number, write or send to THE NEW YORK TIMES office for that number of letter of circulars and subscription blanks. Address and sign the letter circulars inclosing addressed envelope for reply, (THE NEW YORK TIMES will supply them.) Send the signed and addressed letter circulars to THE NEW YORK TIMES, and they will be mailed without cost to you; if you mail them yourself you must affix to each letter a two-cent stamp. By this means you may, without soliciting in person on your friends, earn your choice of any one-hundred-dollar bicycle.

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A FEW FACTS.

A large part of the population of Greater New York consists of men and women of culture and education who scrupulously exclude from their homes sensational newspapers. They want a pure, wholesome newspaper, which, while progressive and entertaining does not defile its pages by repulsive details of scandals and horrible accounts of crime. There is a growing revolt against those newspapers which pander to the depraved, and which inflame the minds of the weak-minded and unthinking by overdrawn tales of vice and immorality. The best men in the community are calling halt on this vicious tendency, and THE NEW YORK TIMES is daily pointed to as an example of what a well-respecting, modern newspaper should be. Secure a copy of the Saturday edition and observe the Supplement, devoted to a review of books and art. Show this to your friends who are readers of the best literature, and they will be interested at once in the attractive contents of this feature. The Illustrated Magazine Supplement which accompanies the Sunday edition is a gem of art and literature. It compares favorably with the best ten-cent magazines. A knowledge of these facts will enable you to properly present the merits of THE NEW YORK TIMES to prospective subscribers.

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LULLABY.

The golden light is in the west,
Sleep, baby, sleep,
Drift softly to the land of rest,
Sleep, baby, sleep.
Sweet and glad your dreams arise
From the land where fancy lies,
Bringing each a glad surprise.
Sleep, baby, sleep.

Mother singeth soft and low—
Sleep, baby, sleep—
Songs her childhood used to know.
Sleep, baby, sleep.
"Old King Cole" and fiddlers three,
With its jingling melody,
Woven for dear babes like thee.
Sleep, baby, sleep.

Still and lonely are thy toys—
Sleep, baby, sleep—
Waiting for the morrow's joys—
Sleep, baby, sleep.
Stirring is the rattle's cheer,
Shaken by the mother dear,
When the daylight draweth near.
Sleep, baby, sleep.
—J. B. M. Wright in Good Housekeeping.

When the Sultan Goes at Full Speed.

Abdul Hamid leads a life of retirement, a political necessity which does not interfere with his amusements. Once a week his visit to the mosque, a laborious journey of some 80 yards, provides the spectator with an admirable entertainment. The card of the British embassy admits you to a pavilion where, as the sultan's guest, you are handsomely refreshed with tea, coffee, sweets and cigarettes—the eternal cigarettes, without which the whole machinery of Turkish administration would cease to act. If Abdul Hamid knew that a visitor had lacked a cigarette, I believe he would take to his bed and refuse to exercise that subtle humanity for which his regime is so justly renowned.

Once upon a time the commander of the faithful used to ride a white horse to the mosque. That became too fatiguing, and he took to a carriage, which was driven slowly back to the palace while the ministers walked on either side. Sometimes, however, such is the impetuosity of the sultan's nature, he drives himself back in a park phaeton at so fiery a pace that the unfortunate ministers have to run, clutching one another by the coattails, for it is their duty to reach the palace steps in time to receive their gracious master when he alights. Should they be too late, there would be, I presume, a very peremptory redistribution of salaries. So the ministers have to engage in athletic exercise quite unsuited to their mode of life in order to preserve their hard earned emoluments and perquisities. —English Magazine.

A Mother's Idea of a Club.

But you should have heard my mother on clubs. Often have I heard her on them. "Thirty pounds is what he will have to pay the first year and £10 a year after that." "But the difficulty is in becoming a member. They are very particular about whom they elect, and I dare say I shall not get in." "Well, I'm but a poor critter (not being a member of a club), but I think I can tell you to make your mind easy on that head. You'll get in, I'ze uphaud, and your £30 will get in too." Then the time arrives when I was elected, and I thought it wisdom to send my sister up stairs with the news. My mother was ironing and made no comment unless with the iron, which I could hear rattling more violently in its box. Presently I heard her laughing, at me undoubtedly, but she had recovered control over her face before she came down stairs to congratulate me sarcastically. "This was grand news," she said without a twinkle, "and I must write and thank the committee, the noble critturs." I saw behind her mask and maintained a dignified silence, but she would have another shot at me. "And tell them," she said from the door, "you were doubtful of being elected, but your auld mother had aye a mighty confidence they would snick you in."—"Margaret Ogilvie," by J. M. Barrie.

Water Gas Perils.

Something practical in the way of mitigating the dangers attending the use of water gas ought to come out of Professor Wood's suggestion that methods should be adopted in the manufacture of the gas to make it more powerfully odorous without detracting from its value as an illuminant. The danger of water gas is that it furnishes no distinct warning of its perils by its odor, as coal gas does.—Boston Herald.

The British Medical Journal is inveighing against the use of so called rice powder for the face on the ground of its injurious effects on the skin. Some of the rice powders are alleged to be no longer composed of rice, but of chalk, white lead, starch and alabaster in varying proportions.

THE BROWN CLOAK.

Farmer Foxglove, in pity for the Widow Waterman, who was too thinly clad for cold weather, recklessly took down an old bombazine cloak, originally a bright brown, but now faded in as many streaks as a zebra hide, which had hung from time immemorial in the back entry.

"There ain't no more use in that old dud," he thought. "And it'll keep the cold out, and if Philana makes a fuss I'll give her a new blanket shawl."

Mrs. Waterman went off rejoicing. Presently Mrs. Foxglove and Seraphina came home from the weekly meeting of the Society For the Helpers of the Heathen in jubilant spirits.

"George Paterson was there," said Mrs. Foxglove. "He said he came after his aunt, but it's my belief that he wanted to walk home with Seraphina."

Seraphina hung down her head and said nothing.

"La, me," said Mrs. Foxglove from the kitchen, "what has come to things? Here's the cold chicken and the apple pie gone. And the cover off the butter jar too!"

"Y-yes," said the farmer, coughing. "I—I got sort o' hungry, so I thought I'd jest take a snack."

"Where's the bombazine cloak, pa?" said Seraphina after the somewhat frugal supper, as she took the milking pail. "It's raining a little, and the cows haven't come home from pasture yet."

"If I had a pair of eyes, I'd use them," said Mrs. Foxglove, coming to the rescue and viewing the row of empty pegs with an eager glance. "Well, I declare! Nehemiah," turning to her husband, "that comes of leaving you to keep house. You must have gone off and left the door open, and some tramp has got in and robbed us."

"I did just step out to the woodpile for some more logs," said the farmer, thankful for the avenue of escape that was opened to him. "But I wasn't gone long."

He wriggled uneasily in his cushioned rocking chair.

"I wish old Mrs. Waterman had been in Jericho before she came here!" he said to himself.

Meanwhile pretty Seraphina, singing softly to herself, folded an old striped shawl around her taper shoulders and went out to the pasture after the truant cows.

Old Tulip's bell was jangling among the silver stemmed birches on the bleak hill. They were already on the homeward path, but Seraphina loitered unnecessarily on the footbridge that spanned a brawling brook.

All was still and dusk, a certain frosty sweetness was in the autumn air, and the only visible person was a woman farther down the brook, who was dipping out water.

Suddenly there was another step—strong, swift and full of purpose. Seraphina's eyes brightened; a vivid color rose into her cheeks.

"There he comes now," she murmured; "there comes George!"

To her surprise and dismay, however, the cavalier did not come up the hill, but staid his steps beside the other woman below.

"He is throwing his arms around her neck," thought the indignant Seraphina. "He is—yes, he is actually kissing her! But I don't care. Why should I care? I'm sure it don't matter to me."

Seraphina hurried the cows home and finished the milking in less time than it had ever taken her before. She was just carrying in the foaming pail when a tall figure approached.

"Seraphina!"

"Pray don't trouble yourself to speak to me," said Seraphina, with a toss of the head. "Or if you do, please call me 'Miss Foxglove!'"

And Seraphina vanished through the kitchen door.

"What's the matter, Phiny?" said her mother, noticing the girl's quick movements and heightened color.

"Nothing, ma," said Seraphina.

It was getting toward 9 o'clock when there came a knock at the door. Mrs. Foxglove opened it. There stood the Widow Waterman.

"I hope I'm not intruding," said Mrs. Waterman, "but here's the brown bombazine cloak, Mr. Foxglove, and, humbly thanking you all the same, I'd rather not wear it."

"Eh?" said Mr. Foxglove in amazement.

"It was very kind of you to give it to me," went on Mrs. Waterman, to the utter discomfiture of the poor farmer, "but there's some things as human flesh and blood can't bear, and to have Deacon Pulsby's son asking if he could not see me home when I come out of the store, and Mr. Ferdinand Pluff saying what I'd be at the dance as Melinda Edwards' on Tuesday night, and might he call for me at 8 o'clock—well, it's rather upsetting. But the worst of it all was when I went to get a little water at the brook. A young fellow asked hold of me and was going to kiss me. I believe it's the brown cloak as done it all," with a meaning glance at Seraphina Foxglove. "So, if you would please to take it back, I'll try and get along with my old shawl a spell longer. And the roast chicken was very good, sir, and that apple pie couldn't be beat."

There was a moment's direful silence, and then Mrs. Waterman sidled out of the room and betook herself once more to the mysterious silence of the night.

"Well, I declare!" said Mrs. Foxglove.

"Ma, don't scold pa!" said Seraphina, half way between laughing and crying.

The farmer feebly rubbed his hands.

"I think I'll go to bed," said he.

And he went. Seraphina, running out for a pitcher of water, the last thing before shutting the house for the night, nearly stumbled against George Paterson.

"Goodness me! What are you doing!" said Seraphina.

"I can't go home and sleep, Seraphina, while you are angry with me," said the poor fellow, who was very desperately in love. "What have I done?"

"Nothing," she replied. "Except—except that you can't blame me for being jealous when I see you hugging and kissing the Widow Waterman!"

"It was the cloak, Seraphina—the brown cloak that misled me," pleaded George. "I thought it was you."

"Oh, it's all very well to talk!" said Seraphina.

Mrs. Foxglove thought Seraphina had never before been so long in bringing a pitcher of water. To George Paterson, however, the moments seemed winged. But nevertheless he went home rejoicing. —Exchange.

Pockets and Buttons.

Women never look smarter than when in tailor made gowns. It is remarkable that the frocks of heavy cloth, cut in severely plain style, suit every kind of woman. If she has a good figure, the tailor made gown sets it off; if she has a bad figure, the gown improves it so that it appears good. In view of these facts it is good news to every one that the tailor made gown will be more in evidence this coming autumn and winter than for many years.

The patterns will be mostly shot goods, with some solid colors. There will be greens, browns, black and dozens of shades of gray. They will be in all kinds of combinations, and most of them will be pleasing to the eye, according to the manufacturers. As for the make of the gowns, they will be rather more ornamented than has been the case. They are to have buttons large and small and of all kinds of material and make. The buttons will be put on wherever there is room for them and will be attached for ornament as much as for utility. There will be pockets in the coats and pockets in the skirts. A determined effort will be made to supply women with receptacles for the small baggage that they always carry about with them, and that is generally clutched feverishly in the hand for lack of anywhere else to keep it. Altogether there is a prospect of much comfort as well as style in the tailor made gowns for the fall and winter. As for the prices—well, that is another story.—New York Press.

Queer Collateral.

Unborn babies in India are sometimes used as security for debt. When the father of a family is obliged to borrow money to defray the expenses of his daughter's wedding, he will pledge her firstborn son as collateral.

The Criminals of the Ages.

Oh, John Doe and Richard Roe, what crimes have been committed in thy names!—Chicago Tribune.

Division of Africa.

Great Britain claims about 2,000,000 square miles of central Africa, with a total yearly trade of about £9,500,000. The French possessions come next in extent with an area of about 1,000,000 square miles and with a yearly trade of £2,500,000. The Kongo Free State has about the same area, but its general trade may be set down as not more than £700,000 in all. The area of German central Africa is about 900,000 square miles, or, excluding German southwest Africa, of which only a small part lies to the north of the line of the Zambezi, about 550,000 square miles with a trade value of about £1,500,000. Portugal claims an area of some 750,000 square miles, almost all of which is in tropical Africa, and its trade may be set down as about £2,250,000.

The total trade of Italian Africa is reckoned somewhat doubtfully as about $500,000, and that of Liberia at about the same. It appears therefore that in central Africa Great Britain takes the lead in every way—in extent of possessions, in their total trade value and in the amount of trade per square mile of territory, which may be roughly stated as £4 10s. as against £3 per square mile of German and of Portuguese Africa, and the £2 10s. per square mile of French Africa.—Manufacturer.

A Tramp's Ready Wit.

A tramp asking for food at the door of a certain good deacon residing near one of the country thoroughfares was given a loaf of bread by the master of the house with the rather inhospitable remark that "the Bible says if any man will not work neither should he eat." Looking down at the gift with a shade of disgust the tramp quickly responded, "Yes, and does it not also say that man cannot live by bread alone?" It is but truth to add that he received a generous slice of country ham as a reward for his quick wittedness.—Lexington (Ky.) Herald.

Proof of Intellect.

Walker—Your friend Sagely has a massive head. Is he intellectual?

Drywit—Profoundly so.

"What has he written?"

"Several learned books that nobody reads."—Detroit Free Press.

The Thing For Him.

"Don't you think I ought to take iron?" laughed the big fat man who thought he would be funny with the doctor.

"Certainly, and I would recommend hoop iron."—Detroit Free Press.

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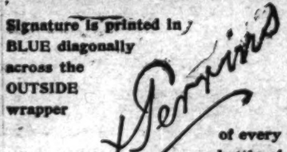

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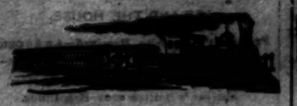

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DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.35 a m, Wilson 12.06 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.30 p m, Weldon 3.20 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.50 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.55 a m, Philadelphia 3.48 a m, New York 6.52 a m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.05 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.05 p m, †Tarboro 6.02 a m, Rocky Mount 11.37 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.00 a m, Petersburg 4.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.45 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.05 a m, New York 2.00 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.15 p m, Chadbourn 5.32 p m, Marion 6.40 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 5.30 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.05 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, *New York 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 10.05 p m, Baltimore 1.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.06 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.40 p m, Wilson 1.25 p m, Goldsboro 2.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.42 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.35 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.55 p m, Washington 5.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 5.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.02 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 P M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.35 a m, Seaford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7 00 p m Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 2 20 a m, Macon 2.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.56 a m, Chadbourn 12.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.58 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.58 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.03 a m, Greenville 8.03 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 134 m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 00 p m, returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 00 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrives Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.50 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m. Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 25 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.35 a m and 4.30 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 9.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leaves Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 49 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5 40 p m, arrive Hub 8.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 40 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 45 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Conway and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 35 a m, arrive Darlington 9 38 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 3.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 45 p m, Bennettsville 10 30 p m, Gibson 12 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Pennsylvania 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 6 p m, Cheraw 8 15 p m, Darlington 9 20 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 8.05 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 8.00 p m, Smithfield 8.36 p m, Dunn 8.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 12.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.40 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.45 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 34 a m, arrive Denmark 6 33 a m. Returning leave Denmark 6 50 p m, 5 07 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m (arrives Creston 2 00 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.30 a m and 4.25 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 52	No. 54		No. 51	No. 53
A M	P M	—Wilmington—	P M	P M
7 00	3 00	Lv...Wilmington (Second St.)...Ar	12 40	5 40
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	5 30
9 00		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv	12 05	
11 07	3 30	Lv...Ar	10 43	10 26
11 07	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 43	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 57	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 30	8 50
P M	P M		A M	A M

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 5 and 6 run to make connection with trains on A. & M. C. R. R. to Maxton and City of Mexico.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 35	.....
.....	4 23	Kinston	10 32	.....
5 13	5 43	Newbern	9 05	9 12
6 27	6 40	Morehead City	8 00	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 3 connects with W. & W. train leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.50 p m, and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

mch 27 tf

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Big G CURES in

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1897

BUSINESS MEN COMPLAIN.

Large Interests in this Country Seriously Affected by the War in Cuba—An Appeal to the Government to Use Every Effort to End It.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Firms and individuals in this country who are interested in trade with Cuba and who desire peace in the island as soon as possible, sent to-day to the Secretary of State at Washington, D. C., a memorial setting forth how their business interests are suffering and giving facts about the struggle in Cuba, in the hope that measures may be devised to terminate the war in the island.

The memorial is as follows: The subscribers to this memorial, citizens of the United States, doing business as bankers, merchants, manufacturers, steamship owners and agents, of the cities of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Charleston, Jacksonville, New Orleans and other places and other citizens of the United States who have been for many years engaged in the export and import trade with the island of Cuba, finding that their several interests are suffering severely from the long continued struggle now going on in the island of Cuba, desire to present for your careful consideration the following facts in the hope that you may find in them a sufficient justification of this memorial and may be able to devise measures whereby termination of the struggle between the armed forces in the island of Cuba may be hastened and the sufferings and losses of your subscribers may be relieved and commerce re-established between the United States and the island of Cuba.

"The magnitude of the American commerce with the island of Cuba is readily shown by citing the volume of our trade with that island for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895, in each of which years the value of our imports from Cuba exceeded $75,000,000. Our exports to Cuba ranged in value from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 a year during these years, and had been even greater in previous years during the existence of the reciprocity treaty of the United States with Spain.

"The struggle in the island of Cuba has continued for more than two years, to the serious derangement of our commerce with the island, our imports from Cuba shrinking in value to some $30,000,000 in 1896 and our exports to Cuba in 1896 amounting to only $7,000,000, so far as ascertainable.

"Some of your subscribers, moreover, have large interests in Cuba, either as property holders or holders of mortgages, or in the shape of business credit advances, and your subscribers see these interests, already seriously injured, now threatened with annihilation by the continuance of affairs under which we can neither operate in the island of Cuba with safety nor take the precautions possible in ordinary times to protect our interests.

"The third rainy season since the commencement of the insurrection is now at hand in Cuba, and as military operations of any magnitude are made virtually impossible for the next five or six months by reason of the tropical climate and rains, the relative position of the two contending parties cannot be greatly altered during the Summer months.

"It appears to your subscribers that for the reasons above cited they may venture to lay these facts before you, most appropriate at this time, and they sincerely hope that you may be inclined, in view of the magnitude and importance of the American commercial interests, that are involved, to give careful consideration to the serious blow inflicted upon our commerce and trade by the present disturbance in Cuba and to determine upon the expediency of taking measures which may facilitate an honorable reconciliation between the contending parties. The restoration of peace in Cuba now, or within the present rainy season, would probably not only rescue from destruction the large interests of the Americans there at stake and serve to re-establish an important branch of our nation's commerce, but would prevent further loss of life, destruction of property, widespread distress, hunger and suffering that are inevitably increasing accompaniments of an armed conflict, such as has now existed for over two years in Cuba. Your subscribers especially solicit your speedy consideration of this matter, desiring relief for their own large interests involved, and desiring also to aid in securing the inestimable blessings of peace for one and a half million of residents of the island of Cuba, now enduring unspeakable distress and suffering.

"The great cause of true humanity will be furthered jointly with that of American commerce, by such measures as your subscribers trust you may deem expedient at this juncture."

RAILWAY TRAINMEN.

The International Brotherhood in Convention at Toronto, Canada.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

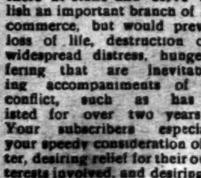
TORONTO, ONT., May 17.—The biennial convention of the International Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen opened to-day. Delegates from nearly every State in the Union and province of Canada are in attendance. This is the first time that the Brotherhood has met in Canada and the local reception committee has made complete arrangements for the entertainment of the visitors.

Associated with the Brotherhood is the Ladies' Auxiliary B. R. T., which is represented by Miss A. A. Downing, grand secretary and treasurer.

Indianapolis, Atlanta and New Orleans are after the next convention. It is expected that the convention will last till Tuesday.

Owen Zeigler outpointed Cid Lavigne last night in a six-round go in the arena of the Quaker City Athletic club, Philadelphia.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co.
New York.

THE CUBAN QUESTION

ENGROSSED ATTENTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE.

President's Message Received—An Appropriation of $50,000 Voted by the Senate for Relief of American Citizens—Morgan's Belligerency Resolution Debated—House Adjourned Without Action on the Appropriation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Cuba engrossed the attention of the Senate today. The public interest in the subject was shown by the great crowds which besieged the galleries throughout the day. Among the occupants of the diplomatic gallery were Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, and Minister Hatch, of Hawaii, and in the reserved gallery was Gen. Dan Sickles, ex-United States Minister to Spain. Neither the Spanish legation nor the Cuban bureau in Washington were represented in the galleries as far as could be observed. Two phases of the subject were presented. First came the question of relief to destitute and starving Americans in Cuba. This was presented in the President's message as soon as the session opened. Immediately following the reading of the message, Mr. Davis, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, presented a favorable report on a joint resolution originally introduced by Mr. Gallinger, appropriating $50,000 for the relief of American citizens in Cuba. There was only one brief speech made—from Mr. Gallinger—and then the resolution went through by unanimous vote.

The resolution as amended is as follows:

"*Resolved*, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the sum of $50,000 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the relief of destitute citizens of United States in the island of Cuba, said money to be expended at the discretion and under the direction of the President of the United States in the purchase and furnishing of food, clothing and medicines to such citizens and for transporting to the United States such of them as so desire and who are without means to transport themselves."

Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, presented from the Judiciary Committee a report on the Allen resolution relating to Elverton R. Chapman. It stated that the committee had ascertained to its satisfaction that Mr. Chapman is not and had not been an applicant for executive clemency. Under such circumstances the committee recommended that the Senate take no further action on the subject.

At the request of Mr. Hoar, the report was accepted and allowed to lie on the table.

The second phase of the Cuban subject came up at 2 o'clock, when the Morgan resolution declaring that a condition of war exists in Cuba was taken up.

Mr. Morgan stated that unless some Senator desired to speak he would ask a yea and nay vote on the pending motion of Mr. Hale to refer the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Hale, observing the meagre attendance on the floor, suggested the importance of the question as to make a quorum desirable. This necessitated a call for a quorum which, after some delay, brought forty-six Senators, just a quorum, for the Senate.

The vote was about to be taken, when Mr. Wellington of Maryland, Republican, arose for his maiden speech, which proved to be a protest against the resolution and a plea for its reference to the Committee on Foreign Relations. He said that while a resolution of belligerency might not be serious, yet the Senate should pause and consider the serious results that might follow such a declaration.

The first thing the Senate should do is to pass a tariff bill. The American people, he said, were more interested in the passage of that bill than they were in the Cuban question. Then Congress should turn its attention to the currency, for, he said, the Republican party stood for a good sound currency.

"The policy pursued by the late administration and by Grover Cleveland meets my approval," declared Mr. Wellington, "and as a Republican I am prepared to say that Grover Cleveland did his duty in refusing to rush headlong into a radical Cuban policy."

Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, argued for the resolution, saying it voiced the sentiment of the American people who wanted no more of the "Cleveland policy" on Cuba.

Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, said the Senator from Maryland (Wellington) had "taken a shot at creation" while presumably discussing the pending resolution. He had gone into the tariff, currency, the late and the present administrations in their various ramifications. Mr. Daniel asserted that the Maryland Senator entirely misapprehended the resolution in declaring that it involved hostility to Spain. The Senator then took up the legal question involved in the recognition of belligerency. This branch of the speech was carefully prepared and was read from manuscript.

After concluding his legal argument on the powers of Congress and the President, Mr. Daniel returned to the general subject of Cuba and again aroused the keenest attention by his vigorous words. The diplomacy of Spain had succeeded for two and one-half years he said, in blinding American diplomacy into the belief that war did not exist in Cuba. But the world knew that war existed there, high handed, red-handed, bloody, cruel war. It is a war in which Spain employs more troops than England employed in seeking to put down the American revolution. And yet Senators were met with the statement that a recognition of a state of war in Cuba would be inimical to Spain. He denied that the recognition of an existing fact could be construed as a hostile act, but in any event the fact should be recognized and the great influence of the United States thrown toward the cause of civilization and civilized and Christian usage. It might subject some American vessels to search, but this would be a small matter compared with the results achieved. It might give Spain a right to blockade Cuba, but in that Spain would suffer more than the United States.

"It is said this means war," continued Mr. Daniel. "I deny it. If Spain should declare war against us because we recognized the belligerency of her former subjects who had carried on a war for two and one-half years, she would have an unjust cause of complaint, and war against us and we will have a just cause for complaint and war against her. I do not wish to see the American people involved in war. I look upon war as one of the greatest calamities that can befall a people. But it is a greater calamity for the high public spirit of a great nation to be so deadened that it can look upon murder and arson and pillage with indifference and for the public spirit of that nation to be so dead as to delay one instant in doing an act of justice because of fear of war."

At the close of Mr. Daniel's speech Mr. Mason, of Illinois, secured the floor and will speak when the resolution is taken up at 2 o'clock to-morrow.

He yielded at 5 o'clock for an executive session and at 5.30 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House confronted the Cuban question to-day; made a party issue of it and adjourned without taking any action. President McKinley's message recommending an appropriation to relieve suffering Americans in Cuba was received without any demonstration, and on its heels, Mr. Hitt, former chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill to appropriate $50,000 in response to the President's request.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, asked for consent to consider in connection with the bill an amendment embodying Senator Morgan's resolution for recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. Mr. Dingley would not consent to consider the amendment, nor Mr. Bailey to consider the bill without the amendment, so, for the time, the question was side-tracked.

Then the House devoted two hours to debate on the conference report on the feature of the Indian Appropriation bill, opening to settlement the gilsonite lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah, refused to accept the compromise agreed on by the conferees and asked for another conference with the Senate on the bill. In the meantime the Senate resolution practically identical with Mr. Hitt's bill had been sent to the House and Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for its consideration.

Thereupon Mr. Bailey said that there would be no objection if a resolution for recognition of the belligerency of Cubans could be offered as an amendment.

"We will attend to one thing at a time," Mr. Dingley said.

"You'll attend to both of these at once before you attend to either," Mr. Bailey shouted back.

"Is there objection?" queried Mr. Reed.

"Not if the amendment can be considered," Mr. Bailey answered.

"An objection is an objection," ruled the Speaker.

Mr. Bailey spoke up: "Then I ask unanimous consent for consideration of both resolutions."

But the Speaker refused to notice the request of the Democratic leader and recognized Mr. Dingley who had a motion to adjourn. This stirred a small tempest.

Mr. Bailey called to Mr. Dingley: "Is the gentleman afraid to meet this question?" and the Democrats forced a roll call on the motion to adjourn.

This motion was carried by a vote of 90 to 89—18 answering present.

It was practically a party alignment, only three Republicans, Messrs. Cooper of Wisconsin, Linney of North Carolina and Marsh of Illinois, voting against adjournment, and all the Democrats, the Populists, except Mr. Baker of Illinois, and the independent silverites voting the same way. Under the rule for biweekly sessions recently adopted, the adjournment carries the question over to Thursday.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Asking Congress to Make Appropriation for Relief of Destitute American Citizens in the Island of Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The President to-day sent the following message to Congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

"Official information from our consuls in Cuba establishes the fact that a large number of American citizens in the island are in a state of destitution, suffering for want of food and medicines. This applies particularly to the rural districts of the central and eastern parts.

"The agricultural classes have been forced from their farms into the nearest towns, where they are without work or money.

"The local authorities of the several towns, however kindly disposed, are unable to relieve the needs of their own people and are altogether powerless to help our citizens.

"The latest report of Consul General Lee estimates that six to eight hundred Americans are without means of support. I have assured him that provision would be made at once to relieve them. To that end I recommend that Congress make an appropriation of not less than fifty thousand dollars to be immediately available for use under the direction of the Secretary of State.

"It is desirable that a part of the sum which may be appropriated by Congress should, in the discretion of the Secretary of State, also be used for the transportation of American citizens who desire to return to the United States and are without the means to do so.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
"Executive Mansion, May 17, 1897."

TRANSPORTATION OF MAILS.

Statement in Regard to Compensation Paid the Southern Railroad Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—In compliance with a resolution of inquiry the Postmaster General to-day sent to the Senate a statement in regard to the compensation paid to the Southern Railway Company for the transportation of mail since 1894. The report shows that since January last the compensation on the division between Washington and Lynchburg per mile has been as follows: $698 for transportation, $315 for postal cars and $135 for special facilities. The Postmaster General says that the weighing of mails on this line last year was conducted with more than usual care and that all officers and employes of the railway mail service who had anything to do with it were instructed fully as to their duties and required to make reports of any unusual amount of mail matter received by them.

STEAMER DAUNTLESS

Supposed to Have Gone on a Filibustering Expedition to Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, May 17.—The suspected filibustering steamer Dauntless slipped out of port to day and headed southward. It is the talk among river men that she has gone on an expedition to Cuba. Her agents say she is off the bar waiting for vessels. The tug came here about three weeks ago under charter to the Bristow Towboat Company to engage in towing. She has been regarded with suspicion from the first, but the Government officers have been unable to discover anything irregular in her movements.

AN INCOME TAX.

Resolution Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution Introduced in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Representative Cochran, of Missouri, to-day introduced a resolution for submitting to the Legislatures of the States an amendment to the constitution which follows:

"An income tax shall not be construed as a direct tax within the meaning of section two (2) and section nine (9) of article one (1) of the constitution; but the Congress shall have power to lay and collect a tax on incomes derived from any source whatever without regard to apportionment or enumeration."

Col. John S. Mosby has so far recovered from his recent illness that he was removed from the University of Virginia to his home at Warrentony yesterday.

NOT EXACTLY RIGHT is the way thousands of people feel. It is because their blood is poor. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, will promptly set them right.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. †

A BATTLE IN THESSALY.

GREEKS FOUGHT BRAVELY BUT OVERWHELMED BY THE TURKS.

Domokos Occupied by Edhem Pasha's Forces — Fighting Probably Resumed This Morning—Intense Excitement at Athens—The Greeks Said to Have Sustained a Crushing Defeat.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HEADQUARTERS, OF THE GREEK ARMY, DOMOKOS, May 17, 4 p. m.—The Turkish attack on the Greek right wing began at 9 o'clock this afternoon, but the flank attacks are considered to be feints and it is believed the main attack of the Turks will be made upon the Greek centre, where Crown Prince Constantine is in command.

Two Greek cannon are doing great execution on the principal Turkish column, which is advancing through the hills.

The Turkish infantry at several points is in contact with the Greeks.

It is believed here that the attack on General Smolenski, near Almyros, is only a strategic operation and that the Turks will endeavor to cut between the two Greek armies, occupy the road leading to the Othry mountains and thus cut off the retreat of the Crown Prince.

ATHENS, May 17.—The most intense excitement prevails here. All the Cabinet ministers have been assembled since noon at the Ministry of Marine, where the dispatches from the front are being received. The gravity of the situation cannot be over-estimated.

Dispatches sent from Domokos at 7 p. m. say that the Greek left wing has fallen back toward the centre before thrice the number of Turks. The battle continued after sunset, but despite the yielding of the left wing the Turks were finally repulsed.

A dispatch sent from Domokos at noon by way of Lamia says: Thirty-five thousand Turks, infantry, cavalry and artillery, have attacked the Greek line at several points of the wings and the centre with a view of penetrating southward and surrounding Domokos. Large forces are also attacking General Smolenski.

LONDON, May 17.—The conditions proposed by the Porte as the terms of peace with Greece have been freely discussed in the lobbies of Parliament to-day, and the idea of the retrocession of Thessaly and such an indemnity as is already suggested is ridiculed as impracticable and absurd. At the outside an indemnity of 5,000,000 pounds or 6,000,000 pounds and a slight strategic rectification of frontier are considered as likely to be the terms finally settled upon.

ATHENS, May 17, midnight.—A dispatch just received from Domokos says that the Greek right wing has been compelled to retire six kilometers.

LONDON, May 18.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Athens says that the following cablegram has been received from Crown Prince Constantine: "Our right wing, under Colonel Mastrapas, has been compelled to retreat. It still holds Voussi, but may find it necessary to retire on Phourkapass. It was necessary to bring up all the reserves in order to repulse the furious attacks of the enemy. Our wounded have been sent to Lamia. The conduct of the army was praiseworthy."

LONDON, May 18, 1 a. m.—The latest news from the seat of hostilities, by way of Athens, shows that the battle yesterday ceased about 9 o'clock in the evening, but will probably be resumed this morning. Thus far no account of the fighting has been received from the Turkish side. It is evident from the Greek account that the Greeks have suffered a serious defeat and if the left wing has given way, as appears probable, Edhem Pasha may be able to cut off the Greek retreat and separate Gen. Smolenski at Sourpi, from the main army.

This is Edhem Pasha's reply to the foolish attempt of Col. Manos to snatch a victory in Epirus.

If Greece had prevented Manos from playing this last card of a gambler Turkey might perhaps have ceased hostilities. As it is now she is in full possession of Thessaly and the Powers will find the task of protecting Greece more difficult than ever.

The dispatches from Athens represent the populace as astounded when the news of the fighting came. They had hoped to the last that the Powers would prevent Turkey from going further. One report represents the Greek Government as threatening to take extreme and desperate steps unless Europe arrests the progress of the invaders.

LONDON, May 18.—The *Daily Chronicle's* correspondent at Athens sends the following official account of the fighting yesterday:

"Over 50,000 Turks simultaneously and continuously attacked our whole line with the greatest fierceness. Our artillery and infantry did splendid work. Twice all the regiments of the enemy wavered and fled, though their attack was soon renewed with fresh forces, which in turn we were able to hurl back. The stubborn resistance and splendid vigor of our troops finally compelled the enemy to give way altogether. All the attacks on our left were similarly repulsed.

"On our right we did not fare so well. The first attack of the enemy was repulsed, but they massed in immense forces for the next attack. Our first line wavered and was broken, and the wing would have been turned but for the timely arrival of the reserves.

"Still the enemy had gained ground, which it was then impossible to regain and we, therefore, fell back on Beust.

"The Turks had 50,000 troops, with 30,000 reserves. Our force was only 35,000. We lost heavily, but the enemy must have lost thousands."

ATHENS, May 18.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at Domokos telegraphing at 1 o'clock this morning says:

"The Turks have occupied Kitiki; the Greek troops are retreating toward the Othrys range on the old frontier."

LONDON, May 18.—The *Daily Telegraph's* special correspondent with the Turkish forces in Thessaly, telegraphing late last night, says:

"Edhem Pasha has moved on from point to point and finally occupied Domokos. The Greeks have sustained a crushing defeat."

The trials of Messrs. Havemeyer and Searles, president and treasurer respectively of the American Sugar Refining Company, for refusing to answer questions of the Senate sugar trust investigating committee, have been postponed until Tuesday the 25th instant.

Mrs. Theodore Ralli, president of the Greek Ladies Committee, New York, which is raising funds for Greece, yesterday cabled another $1,000 to the headquarters of the fund in Athens. This makes $4,000 in all that Mrs. Ralli has sent in this way.

District Attorney Olcott of New York, says that the trial of directors and officials of the American Tobacco Company, indicted for conspiracy a year ago, will be begun on the first Monday in June, for which date it has been set down.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WARM WINELETS

"Spike" Sullivan got the decision over Jack Downey last night the Broadway Athletic Club, in a foul in the 10th round.

The Everett Cotton Mills, Lawrence, Mass., began running on a fifty-two hour per week schedule. During the past few months they have been running 48 hours.

Preston Thornton, who shot himself in the parlor of Mr. Milton H. Smith's residence, Louisville, Ky., Sunday, died yesterday morning. His father and mother who came from Lexington were by his bedside.

Senator Butler has given notice of amendments to the rice paragraph of the Tariff bill increasing duties so as to make rates as follows; Cleaned rice 2 cents per pound; uncleaned rice 1¼; rice flour ¼ cent; paddy 1 cent.

One hundred looms in the gingham department of the York cotton mills, Biddeford, Me., were started yesterday. This department has been practically shut down for a year. The whole plant is now running nearly at its capacity.

AMERICAN SADDLES.

Some Gems of Art Turned Out by the Cheyenne Manufacturers.

All over North America for many years Cheyenne saddles have been famous, and every equestrian outside of the United States cavalry and of the northwest mounted police of Canada has either had his horse tricked out with Cheyenne leather or has wished he had. The fancy work on saddles, holsters and stirrup hoods that once made Mexican saddlery famous and expensive long ago was copied by the Cheyenne makers, who kept up the fame and beauty of American horse trappings, but made them so cheap as to be within the means of most horsemen. In the old days, when western cattle ranged all over the plains and the cowboy was in his glory, that queer citizen would rather have a Cheyenne saddle than a best girl. In fact, to be without a Cheyenne saddle and a first class revolver was to be no better than the sheep herders of that era.

When the writer was in Cheyenne the other day, the first places he looked for were the saddle makers' shops. He was surprised to find only one showy, first class store of the kind, and, instead of there being a crowd in front of it, there was no sign of more business than was going on at the druggist's near by or the stationer's over the way. The goods displayed in the windows were beautiful and extraordinary. There were the glorious, heavy, hand stamped saddles; there were the huge, cumbrous tapaderos; there were the lariats or ropes; the magnificent bits that looked like Moorish art outdone, and there were mule skinners and the fanciful spurs—and, in short, the windows formed a museum of things that a cowboy would have pawned his soul to own. The metal work was all such as a cavalryman once declared it, "the most elegant horse jewelry in creation."

Englishmen and Germans now buy the fanciest and best trappings to send abroad to their homes. Hand stamped saddles cost from $13 to $85, but $35 buys as good a one as a modest man who knows a good thing will care to use. Cowgirl saddles were on view—seven of them—with rigging for side seats and with stirrups made in slipper shape. It is not that there are really half a dozen cowgirls in the world, or half a dozen women like the Colorado cattle queen or the lady horse breeder of Wyoming, but there are western girls who have to ride a great deal, and they have fond fathers and brothers and still fonder lovers; hence the manufacture of magnificent sidesaddles, all decked with hand stamped patterns, and looking as rich as the richest Bedouin ever dreamed a horse gear being made. There is still a good trade in cowboy outfits that are ordered from Montana, the Dakotas, Wyoming, Colorado and Texas, and similar goods go to the horse ranches of Nevada, Idaho and Oregon. Moreover, as long as men ride horses there will be a trade in fancy outfits for them.—Denver Field and Farm.

Successful experiments have been made in two dragoon regiments in the garrison at Metz of a novel spur invented by a locksmith of that city. Cavalrymen equipped with this spur are enabled in a few seconds to climb telegraph poles in order to cut the wires.

An average of 184 convictions are obtained against people by the Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in London every week.

About 1,200 tons of cork are needed for the bottled beer and aerated waters consumed in Great Britain each week.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department (in leaded Nonpareil type) on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, 50¢ a week per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

What have you to exchange for a new talking machine (Graphophone) with 50 pieces of music, songs, etc., worth $60. H. Hauser, Fourth and Bladen streets, Wilmington. my 16 1t*

Dr. Childs, the Optician, has so far recovered that he will now attend to your Eyes' needs if you will let him know at 317 Princess street. my 13 1t

H. C. Bowen, Produce Commission Merchant, No. 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce, Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Leave your orders with Andrew Mavronicholis, No. 705 North Fourth street, for your "Ice Cream," delivered free any part of the city on Sunday. Bell 'Phone 348. my 13 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street. I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Fayne. my 11 3m

Brown Drab Linens, New Rugs, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 19 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

N. Siegert, Merchant Tailor, 109½ Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Reasonable Suits made to order for $18 00 and up. The best work and fit is what I give my customers. When in need of anything in my line give me a call. my 4 1m

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, so there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 9 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. B. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 68. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. Hay, one in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilled workmen at short notice. Opposite new Court House. 321

Chorus Girls.

It seems that chorus girls are more difficult to retain than to find. They make an engagement for a place in a chorus and attend two or three rehearsals; then they disappear, and on investigation it is found that they have gone to another theater, where they have secured a place which permits them to say half a dozen words. Finding it almost impossible to compel a girl to keep her contract unless she be allowed to speak, the New York managers have been forced to adopt a photographic system by which they hope to retain their novices. After a girl has signed a contract with a manager she has her picture taken at once and sends it, together with a description of her, to every manager in the city.—New York Tribune.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

DEPARTMENT STORE.

Latest Novelties in Ladies' Collars and Cuffs.

Many other styles 10 to 25 cents. Special prices in every department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

North Fourth Street, Near Bridge.
Car fare paid on purchases of $5 and up. my 9 tf

For Sale Low

50 Barrels MOLASSES,
100 Barrels MULLETS,
50 Bags COFFEE,
200 Boxes TOBACCO,
all grades.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
mar 28 tf 12 Barket St.

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"
Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf D&W

Send Us Your Orders

OR ASK FOR QUOTATIONS WHEN needing Meats, Lard, Flour, Sugar, Coffees, Rice, Tobacco, Soap, Crackers, Candy, Molasses or anything in the Grocery line. We will sell you goods as cheap as any one from any point. All we ask is a trial, and will substantiate this. We solicit your orders and consignments.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
my 5 D&W tf No. 7 South Water St.

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers' and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
ap 10 D&W tf

Roasted Coffee.

10 Cases Arbuckle's Coffee.
10 Cases Levering's Coffee.
10 Cases Lion Coffee.
40 Bags Green Coffee.
10 Boxes Lemons.
25 Boxes Liquid Blueing.
75 Reams Manilla Paper.

W. B. COOPER,
226 North Water Street,
my 16 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Wil. Seacoast R. R. Co,

30 Minutes to Ocean.

Surf Bathing, Boating, Fishing, &c.

The following rates for passenger fare will be in force to any and all stations on and after 4th May, 1897:

Single Trip Tickets (one way).....30 cents each.
Excursion Tickets (Round Trip).....50 " "
Commuter's Book (20 Round Trips).....$6.00 per book.
From Greenville or Bradley's Creek, to any station on Beach, 10 cents round trip.
From Wrightsville, to any station on Beach, 10 cents round trip.
From any station on Beach to any other station on the Beach, 5 cents each way.

R. O. GRANT, Supt.
GEO. R. FRENCH, President. my 4 1w

Trustee Sale of Hardware.

I OFFER FOR SALE $5,000 WORTH OF Staple Hardware. The entire stock of John R. Ponder, consisting of Farm Implements of every kind, Cook Stoves, Heating, Cast Material, Cutlery, Paints, Oils &c. In fact a well assorted and complete stock of Staple Hardware for cash. This is a fine opportunity for any one who may wish to engage in this line of business in the finest agricultural section of North Carolina. Come at once and examine the stock.

F. S. ROYSTER, Trustee.
Tarboro, N. C., May 6th, 1897. my 9 1w

Taylor's Bazaar

Have decided not to give any Chromos, but good value for the money in fashionable and desirable goods.

Just Received a New Lot of Sailors In All Colors and Shapes.

SHIRT WAISTS AND DRESS SKIRTS.

Buy an extra Skirt and a Shirt Waist. There isn't a tastier outfit worn. You can buy both for about the price of one just now. We are trying to push trade. When the summer sun creates a stampede for them they won't be so cheap nor choice. It is like giving you one and selling the other. You get both so cheap now.

COLLARS AND CUFFS in all the latest styles. We have just received a new lot by Express.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, comprising a nice assortment of Organdies.

Dimities, Lawns, Percales, Sateens, Lappets, Cashmeres and Plaids.

A new lot of Belts and Handkerchiefs at exceedingly low prices.

Ladies' Muslin and Gauze Underwear, Hosiery and Infant's Wear. A large assortment to select from at

118 Market Street. Wilmington, N. C.
my 18 tf

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

PROSPERITY.

We have received notice from manufacturers and dealers of a steady rise in all kinds of Dry Goods and Carpets. Prosperity is in sight and it behooves our customers to make their purchases before it arrives. We are offering goods this week to suit the

HARD TIMES.

1,000 yards Silkaline at 10 cents a yard.
We have just re-sived 1,000 yards Bordered Mosililn for Curtains at 12½, 15, 17, 18, 20, 25, 30 and 40c per yard.
200 Cloth Window Shades at 25 cents each, complete.
Antique Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 54-inch wide, $4 per pair.
All Linen Window Shades 3x6 at 35 cents each.
Felt Window Shades 12x6 cents each.
Curtain Poles, with wooden fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut, Poplar, 33½ cen s each.
Curtain Poles and Brass fixtur s, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut and Poplar, 21½ cents each.
Brass Extension Rods 10 and 1 1-4 cents each.
Fire Place Screens, complete, $1 each.
Point de-Sprue, 54-inch wide, 25c per yard.
Nottingham Curtain Nets 18, 20, 22 and 30c per yard.

UNDERWEAR.

Gentlemen's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers 25 and 50 cents each.
Gentlemen's Drill Drawers 50 cents pair.
Gentlemen's Hosiery 10, 15, 20, 25 and 50 cents.
Gentlemen's Dress Shirts 50, 75, $1 and $1.50.
Ladies' Bleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 10 cents each.
Ladies' Unbleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 1½ and 10 cents each.

Children's and Youths' Underwear.

We make a specialty of Ladies' Bathing Suits in Brilliantine and Flannel; also Submarine and ordinary Rubber Bathing Caps.
100 pieces Matting just received, made in China.
Carpets at special prices.
Small Hardware for house furnishing.
Dress Goods—The prettiest line ever shown in Wilmington.
Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.
my 2 tf

FREE! FREE!

I AM GIVING EVERY CUSTOMER a card that gets the following presents:

For a $5.00 purchase I will give a Brass Wall Pocket or one set of fine Silver-plated Teaspoons.

For a $10.00 purchase I will give a Child's High Chair or a Life-size Portrait of any of your family.

For a $15 00 purchase I will give a nice Oak Center Table.

For a $25 00 purchase I will give a three shelf Oak Book Case, a large Oak Center Table or a fine Oak Arm Rocking Chair.

For a $50.00 purchase I will give a very fine Oak Folding Book Case, a standing Open and Shut Writing Desk or a beautiful Hall Hatrack with Umbrella Stand and Mirror in the center.

This Furniture is given away expressly to encourage the cash trade. Under no circumstances will cards be punched for credit accounts, but for the cash only. I want the spot cash trade, and I will give you more good honest goods for your dollar than any house in the State.

Read my prices and compare them with other houses and then decide where is the best place to spend your honest dollar:

A job of 3,000 yards, short lengths, Cheriotte, worth 8c, now 5c. A big drive slightly damaged in Chambre, in pink and blue, at 3½c.

10 000 yards of nice Dress Goods Plaids this week for 3½c.

2,000 yards of nice Dress Ginghams for 3½c.

1,500 yards of Rosebud Lawn for 3½c.

2,000 yards of 1 yard wide white Sea Island Sheeting at 4½c.

¾ yard wide thick heavy White Homespun at 3½c.

Table Oil Cloth at 12½c.

Beautiful 64 inches wide Bleached Table Linen at 35c.

Turkey Red Table Cloth at 16c.

80 inches long Cotton Towel at 10c.

Splendid Cottonade Pants Cloth at 8c; very heavy at 12½c; the best wore heavy and nice Pants Cloth worth 40c, now 25c.

Nice large Fringed Lap Robe, a job, for 25c.

100 Marsailles Bed Spreads, fine and nice, worth $1.00, this week for 60c; a beautiful colored Spread at 75c.

Fine Lace Curtains at 50c a pair.

Handsome steel frame Congo handle cloth cover Gloria top 26 inch Umbrella for $1.00.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Caylord, Prop.,
my 16 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS

Having secured the services of Mr. George A. Peterson as manager of this Department, we are prepared to furnish estimates on

ROOFING,
GUTTERING,
Repairing of Roofs
and General Job Work.

In or Out of the City.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO
ap 18 tf

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CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

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